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Part I: Technical Document

Documentation of the DDI specification is provided in three ways:

Field Level Documentation

AUDIENCE: Developers, database developers, mappings, base level for content providers (what an object is in relation to parent and child elements)

This documentation is found within the DDI Schemas and displayed in the HTML documentation. It provides a brief description of the purpose and content of the object. Documentation found in the complex Type description will provide more detail than the element documentation. Within a complex type, the additional documentation of sub-elements will focus on its purpose within the context of the complex type.

Part I - Technical Documentation

AUDIENCE: Developers, integrated usage and applications for content providers

Organized by related sets of objects, e.g. Question Item, Question Grid, and Question Block, this documentation provides details of the structure and its intended application. Each set contains examples of usage. It contains information on the relationship of DDI to other standards, common XML structures used by DDI, design and consistency rules, description of major structural types (modules and schemes), technical features for identification and reference, basic types for dates and strings, and all major complex elements. The complex element content is organized alphabetically by set and an index is provided for all elements. This documentation also contains lists of: 3.1 to 3.2 changes, all unique element and attribute names, and elements by extension base (Identifiable, Versionable, Maintainable, Reference, CodeValue, etc.).

Part II - User Guide

AUDIENCE: Content providers, those focusing on specific applied uses of DDI

Provides instructions for navigating the HTML Field Level Documentation and reviews basic structural features focusing on their usage, such as exchange structures, organizing publication package content, managing data over time, common structure like strings, controlled vocabularies, dates, citation and coverage, notes and other material. This general section is followed by a set of user stories (applying DDI). The focus is on how the parts of DDI work together to describe the metadata and data for particular functions such as documenting a longitudinal study or developing a questionnaire. Wherever appropriate, Part I will reference the more detailed technical documentation in Part I.

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1.0 - Coverage of DDI [for additional background information see Part II]

1.1 - Purpose of Part I Technical document

The intent of the Part I: Technical Document is to provide implementers with additional information on major complex elements and their components. For each complex object set this includes its namespace, parent maintainable, extension base, required referenced objects, optionally referenced objects, a brief layout of content and object cardinalities, detailed description, and example. An appendix is provided covering changes between 3.1 and 3.2 including backward compatibility and update processing as well as an index of all complex elements with a reference to the section and page number providing coverage of the element.

Users interested in the application of DDI to various Use Cases should see Part II: User Guide. Part II will provide references to technical features described in Part I.

1.2 - Organization of Part I

Part I: Technical Documentation is organized into four major areas, general description of DDI and the Part I technical document, relationship of DDI to other standards, general structures within DDI, and specific structures (complex element sets). Internal reference will be found in-line using the section number and title of the section placed within square brackets, i.e. [3.1 Identification and Reference Structures].

2.0 - Relationship to Other Standards –

2.1 - DDI-C

2.2 - ISO/IEC 11179 – elements in ISO/IEC 11179 and DDI – use of ISO/IEC 11179-5 profile

2.3 - ISO 19115

2.4 - SDMX

2.5 - GSIM

3.0 - General Structures

3.1 - Identification, Versioning, Maintenance and Reference

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The identification structure of DDI objects is core to the functioning of the standard. The purpose of the DDI identification structure is to:

- Uniquely identify major objects in a persistent manner to ensure accurate reference and retrieval of the object content
- Provide context for objects where an understanding of related object types within a packaging structure is essential to the understanding of the object (i.e., a specific classification within a classification scheme)
- Manage metadata object change over time
- Support the range of object management used by different organizations
- Support early and late binding of references
- Support interaction with closely related standards, in particular ISO/IEC 11179 and SDMX

The identification structure is based on the ISO/IEC 11179 structure that requires a three-part means of unique identification.

OBJECT	ISO/IEC 11179	DDI
Agency Identifier	A unique identifier for the agency managing the object	A unique identifier for an agency registered with the DDI Alliance. The agency may have multiple sub-agency extensions managed within the DDI Registry or within the primary agency. An agency and sub-agency are separated by an “.”.
Unique ID	A unique identifier of the object within the context of the agency	An identification which is unique within a) the agency (sub-agency), or b) within the parent maintainable. If the context is the parent maintainable the Unique ID is the ID of the parent maintainable plus the ID of the object within that maintainable separated by a “.”.
Version Number	A version number of the object to track change over time	A version number with any number of extensions separated by a “.”.

This three part structure is the equivalent of a unique persistent identifier for an object, such as described by DOIs and other similar structures. Note that while use of a version number with a DOI is

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optional, based on local practice, the Version Number in DDI is required due to the need to manage metadata within a dynamic workflow over time.

Identifiable, Versionable, and Maintainable

DDI differentiates between a set of element types. Not all objects are individually identifiable, i.e. some objects only have meaning within the context of an identifiable object such as a Label or Description. The remaining objects are Identifiable, Versionable or Maintainable in order to support different levels of metadata management. Identifiable objects are those that can be referenced directly either for inclusion in another object or for the purpose of attaching Other Material or a Note to the object.

Identifiable objects have a unique ID within the context of their specified scope of uniqueness (see Scope of Uniqueness discussion within this section). Their Agency Identification and Version Number match those of the object's immediate parent Versionable (or Maintainable if there is not a parent Versionable) at the **point of creation**. This means that if an Identifiable object is created within a version 1 of a parent Versionable and does NOT change its content over time it will retain its Version Number of 1 until the identifiable object itself is altered. It will then change its Version Number to that of its parent Versionable **at the time of the alteration**. In other words an Identifiable could go from a Version 1 to a Version 4 without ever having a Version 2 or 3 if the cause for versioning did not involve any change in the Identifiable object within Version 2 and 3 of the parent Versionable.

A *Versionable object* has the characteristics of an Identifiable object but may be managed over time. DDI has determined that being able to track change within the object over time is a requirement, either to understand the relationship to earlier objects of a similar type or to track provenance. Note that it is up to the individual content provider to determine whether an object is essentially new or is a modification (version) of an earlier object. Versionable objects have a unique ID within the context of their specified scope of uniqueness (see Scope of Uniqueness discussion within this section). Their Agency identification matches that of the object's immediate parent Maintainable at the **point of creation**. In other words the Agency of an object does not change simply because it is included by reference in a Maintainable managed by a different agency. The Version number of the object changes each time its content changes. See Versioning for a discussion of when and how this may be implanted within different organizations or projects.

A *Maintainable object* is a type of packaging and generally takes the form of either a module or scheme. Modules package metadata focused on specified segments of the Lifecycle for which context is important for understanding. Schemes are similar to data base tables, containing a stack of similar type objects that many have important contextual relevance to each other, i.e. a classification scheme captured in a DDI Category Scheme. There is one unique form of a Maintainable which is the CodeList. A CodeList is a Maintainable in its own right for the purpose of supporting the statistical production process. However it can only be published within the context of a parent Maintainable Scheme. All Schemes and Modules may be published within the context of a Study Unit or Group (a collection of Study Units) or as a separate Resource Package item primarily for the purpose of reuse.

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Versioning

In general, once metadata is published (i.e. flagged as being stable for referencing purposes) any change to the content should result in a version change to the Versionable object containing the change. Note that as Versionable objects are contained by Maintainable objects and that Maintainable object may be contained in another Maintainable object, a single change will generally trigger Versioning up the containing tree of the metadata. The purpose of versioning is to ensure that someone referencing a specific version of an object will always get back the same information.

Versioning rules and Version Number structures differ between different organizations and between different projects or products of the same organization. DDI does not dictate this structure EXCEPT to specify that it must be expressed as one or more integers separated by a "." (dot). The DDI Lifecycle specification uses a three part structure of a Major.Minor.Sub-Minor version number. The Organization should describe its versioning system or systems so that it is clear to the user when and how versioning occurs. Versioning is "required" once a Maintainable object is flagged isPublished="true". During production processes, tracking version changes may be managed by other means such as Version Date or an external subversion system.

Some organizations are stricter in their versioning rules than others. For example, a typographical correction within a Description text which is considered to have no impact on the intellectual content may trigger a Minor or Sub-minor version change in one system while only result in Version Date change in another. Because the impact of a change cannot be easily predicted (it is dependent upon the use of the metadata) the important thing is to capture that a change was made and to provide the end user with a clear set of versioning rules that supports their ability to evaluate the impact of the change for their particular use. In addition, some metadata is considered local in nature, specific to interaction with an identified system. This metadata is considered to be Administrative in nature and is viewed by DDI as a set of metadata that does not alter the intellection content (Payload) of the metadata and does not need to drive a version change.

Administrative and Payload Metadata

The differentiation between Administrative metadata and Payload metadata lies primarily in how changes to the metadata content drive version changes.

Administrative metadata is content that is related to the interaction or use of the metadata within a specific system. Changes in administrative metadata do not change the meaning of the metadata content of the object in terms of its DDI identification or intellectual meaning. For example, the addition of a local User Identification to facilitate interaction between the metadata object and local access software, or creating a URN entry from existing identification sequence content are considered to be changes to the Administrative metadata. A change in Administrative metadata does not trigger a change in the version number of a published object.

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Payload metadata is all metadata NOT defined as Administrative. Payload metadata contains intellectual content that has an impact on the meaning or application of the object. A change in Payload metadata generally triggers a change in the version number of a published object.

The following objects which consist of the extension bases used for identification and referencing purposes are considered to be Administrative metadata for the purposes of versioning:

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Extension bases are listed in RED and contained objects in BLACK	General description
<p>IDENTIFIABLE OBJECT</p> <p>URN @typeOfIdentifier Agency ID Version UserID @typeOfUserID @userIDVersion @typeOfUserVersion MaintainableObject TypeOfObject MaintainableID MaintainableVersion @inheritanceAction @objectSource @scopeOfUniqueness @isIdentifiable</p>	<p>Extension base is AbstractIdentifiable</p> <p>See URN Structure below</p> <p>URN used by Agency [Canonical Deprecated] Base sequence of identification. If sequence is used, all are required.</p> <p>A user specified identification for a specific system such as a DOI or internal search engine. Both the ID and @typeOfUserID must be specified. Version information is optional.</p> <p>The Maintainable object containing the Identifiable object. TypeOfObject is required to create Deprecated URN. ID is required for any URN if ScopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable". Version number provides context base. See Grouping: Inheritance</p> <p>The object source of a resolved reference Scope used by Agency [Agency Maintainable Fixed value = "true" [specifies object base]</p>
<p>VERSIONABLE OBJECT</p> <p>URN @typeOfIdentifier Agency ID Version UserID @userIDVersion @typeOfUserVersion UserAttributePair AttributeKey AttributeValue VersionResponsibility VersionResponsibilityReference VersionRationale BasedOnReference MaintainableObject TypeOfObject</p>	<p>Extension base is AbstractVersionable</p> <p>Same as Identifiable Object</p> <p>User defined Key/Value pair used to support interaction of the metadata within the user's system.</p> <p>Who within the Agency versioned the object Alternate reference to who versioned the object Reason for version change (to inform user) Intellectual base of this object (local version of an external object) Same as Identifiable Object</p>

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MaintainableID
MaintainableVersion
@typeOfIdentifier
@inheritanceAction
@objectSource
@scopeOfUniqueness
@isVersionable
@versionDate

Fixed value = "true" [specifies object base]
Date/Time of version change

MAINTAINABLE OBJECT

URN
@typeOfIdentifier
Agency
ID
Version
UserID
@typeOfUserID
@userIDVersion
@typeOfUserVersion
UserAttributePair
AttributeKey
AttributeValue
VersionResponsibility
VersionResponsibilityReference
VersionRationale
BasedOnReference

Extension base is **AbstractMaintainable**
Same as Versionable object

Note
Software
MetadataQuality
@inheritanceAction
@objectSource
@scopeOfUniqueness
@isMaintainable
@versionDate
@externalReferenceDefaultURI

@isPublished

@xml:lang

Notes related to objects with the maintainable (Payload)
Software used to create the Maintainable object (Payload)
Quality of the metadata in the Maintainable object (Payload)
Same as Versionable object

Fixed value = "true" [specifies object base]
Same as Versionable object

Indicates that the content is available for reuse by reference
The language of the metadata in the Maintainable object (Payload)

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REFERENCE TYPE

URN	The URN of the object being referenced using the specified URN structure
@typeOfIdentifier	URN used by Agency [Canonical Deprecated]
Agency	The agency of the object being referenced.
ID	The ID of the object being referenced.
Version	The Version of the object being referenced. This is the full Version number at the time the reference is created.
TypeOfObject	Type of object being referenced. This is a controlled list.
MaintainableObject	The Maintainable object containing of the Identifiable or Versionable object being referenced. TypeOfObject is required to create
TypeOfObject	Deprecated URN. ID is required for any URN if ScopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable". Version number provides context base.
MaintainableID	Boolean attribute. If "true" you must supply the URN
MaintainableVersion	A local store for the referenced object expressed as a URI
@isExternal	Fixed value = "true" [specifies object base]
@externalReferenceDefaultURI	Boolean attribute. Set to "true" if you wish to late-bind the reference (i.e., want to reference the most recent version)
@isReference	If @lateBound="true" and this attribute is not provided you will get the most recent version. Use this attribute to restrict the value of the late-bind, for example to restrict to the most recent minor version of major version 4
@lateBound	@lateBoundRestriction="4". Specify the desired language content (if available) for the referenced item using a valid xml:lang value.
@lateBoundRestriction	The URN of the parent maintainable at the time of reference (this is not necessarily the same version number as the version of the parent maintainable at point of origin)
@objectLanguage	
@sourceContext	

SCHEME REFERENCE TYPE

URN	Same as Reference.
@typeOfIdentifier	
Agency	

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ID	
Version	
TypeOfObject	
MaintainableObject	
TypeOfObject	
MaintainableID	
MaintainableVersion	
Exclude	Allows the identification of objects within the Scheme which are to be excluded for the purpose of this reference.
ID	The ID of the excluded object.
Version	The Version of the excluded object.
@isExternal	Same as Reference.
@externalReferenceDefaultURI	
@isReference	
@lateBound	
@lateBoundRestriction	
@objectLanguage	
@sourceContext	

Scope of Uniqueness

DDI 3.2 supports scoping the uniqueness of identifier to the parent Maintainable or to the Agency (sub-agency). This choice affects the structure of the ID as it appears within the Canonical URN (see Type of Identifier in this section). Essentially, when the ID is scoped to the Agency the unique identification of an object requires the Agency, ID of the object, and Version Number of the object. When the ID is scoped to the Maintainable the unique identification of a non-Maintainable object requires the Agency, ID of the parent Maintainable, the ID of the object, and the Version Number of the object. The attribute `scopeOfUniqueness` is required and must contain either "Agency" or "Maintainable". This attribute defines how the ID will be expressed in the Canonical URN and what is required for a complete reference to the object within the Maintaining Agency.

Type of Identifier

DDI 3.2 supports two formats for expressing the Identification Sequence as a URN. The Canonical URN is recommended. The Deprecated URN is a modification of the DDI 3.1 URN. Whether the identification information is expressed as a URN or using the Identification Sequence the attribute "typeOfIdentifier" on the URN dictates the format of the URN supported internally by the agency and the format of the URN used by an external reference to that object. Note that regardless of the type of identifier used it is good practice to provide the full content of the Identification Sequence and details of the MaintainableObject for non-Maintainable objects in order to support the creation of any format of a DDI URN.

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Structure of the URN

Canonical URN

Each section of the Canonical URN is separated by a “:” (colon). Within the ID section the Maintainable ID and Object ID are separated by a “.” (dot).

“urn:ddi:agency[.sub-agency]:ID:Version”

If the scopeOfUniqueness equals “Agency” the ID is the ID of the object.

Example:

Canonical URN with uniqueness scoped to the Agency.

Object V321 version 2 within the Minnesota Population Center (us.mpc)

urn:ddi:us.mpc:V321:2

Object V321 version 2 within the Minnesota Population Center, Project IPUMS (listed as a sub-agency within us.mpc)

urn:ddi:us.mpc.ipums:V321:2

If the scopeOfUniqueness equals “Maintainable” the ID of a non-Maintainable object is structured as follows:

“urn:ddi:agency[.sub-agency]:MaintainableID.ObjectID:Version”

Canonical URN with uniqueness scoped to the Maintainable.

Variable V321 version 2 within VariableScheme VS1 at the Minnesota Population Center (us.mpc)

urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS1.V321:2

Variable V321 version 2 within VariableScheme VS1 at the Minnesota Population Center, Project IPUMS (listed as a sub-agency within us.mpc)

urn:ddi:us.mpc.ipums:VS1.V321:2

Deprecated URN

Each section of the Deprecated URN is separated by a “:” (colon).

“urn:ddi:agency[.sub-agency]:MaintainableObjectType:MaintainableID:ObjectType:ObjectID:ObjectVersion”

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If the object itself is Maintainable the information on the parent maintainable is not included:

`“urn:ddi:agency[.sub-agency]: ObjectType:ObjectID:ObjectVersion”`

If the scopeOfUniqueness equals “Agency” the ID is the ID of the object.

Example:

Deprecated URN with uniqueness scoped to the Agency.

Object V321 version 2 within the Minnesota Population Center (us.mpc)

`urn:ddi:us.mpc:Variable:V321:2`

Object V321 version 2 within the Minnesota Population Center, Project IPUMS (listed as a sub-agency within us.mpc)

`urn:ddi:us.mpc.ipums:Variable:V321:2`

If the scopeOfUniqueness equals “Maintainable” the ID of a non-Maintainable object is structured as follows:

`“urn:ddi:agency[.sub-agency]:MaintainableObject:MaintainableID:ObjectType:ObjectID:ObjectVersion”`

Deprecated URN with uniqueness scoped to the Maintainable.

Variable V321 version 2 within VariableScheme VS1 at the Minnesota Population Center (us.mpc)

`urn:ddi:us.mpc:VariableScheme:VS1:Variable:V321:2`

Variable V321 version 2 within VariableScheme VS1 at the Minnesota Population Center, Project IPUMS (listed as a sub-agency within us.mpc)

`urn:ddi:us.mpc.ipums:VariableScheme:VS1:Variable:V321:2`

EXAMPLES:

Note that by including the information for the MaintainableObject in an Identifiable or Versionable the user has provided sufficient information to build either a Canonical or Deprecated URN scoped to either the agency or the maintainable. While the information may not be part of the URN as expressed by the maintaining agency, the information contained in the MaintainableObject provides contextual information that may be important to the user and may need to be passed to them for purposes other than strict identification. The inclusion of Versioning information in Versionable and Maintainable may be used internally to track quality control and processing activities and may also be valuable to the user in determining whether the change caused by versioning will affect their analysis work.

Identifiable

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```
<l:Code isIdentifiable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:CL_1.Code_1:1
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>Code_1</r:ID>
  <r:Version>1</r:Version>
  <r:UserID typeOfUserID="NHGIS">Gender_1</r:UserID>
  <r:MaintainableObject>
    <r:TypeOfObject>CodeList</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:MaintainableID>CL_1</r:MaintainableID>
    <r:MaintainableVersion>1</r:MaintainableVersion>
  </r:MaintainableObject>
  ...
</l:Code>
```

Minimum required content of the above:

```
<l:Code isIdentifiable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:CL_1.Code_1:1
  </r:URN>
  ...
</l:Code>
```

Versionable

```
<l:Variable isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-31">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:2
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>Var_1234</r:ID>
  <r:Version>2</r:Version>
  <r:UserID typeOfUserID="IPUMS">MOMLOC</r:UserID>
  <r:VersionResponsibility>John Doe</r:VersionResponsibility>
  <r:VersionRationale>
    <r:RationaleDescription><r:String xml:lang="en">Expanded
description to more clearly define the process of determining the
MOCLC value in households with multiple
mothers.</r:String></r:RationaleDescription>
    <r:RationaleCode>Update</r:RationaleCode>
  </r:VersionRationale>
  <r:MaintainableObject>
    <r:TypeOfObject>VariableScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:MaintainableID>VS_IPUMS</r:MaintainableID>
    <r:MaintainableVersion>6</r:MaintainableVersion>
  </r:MaintainableObject>
```

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```
...
</l:Variable>
```

Minimum required content of the above:

```
<l:Variable isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-31">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:2
  </r:URN>
  ...
</l:Variable>
```

Maintainable

```
<l:VariableScheme isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-31" isPublished="true" xml:lang="en">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:6
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>VS_IPUMS</r:ID>
  <r:Version>6</r:Version>
  <r:UserID typeOfUserID="IPUMS">IPUMS_VARS</r:UserID>
  <r:VersionResponsibility>John Doe</r:VersionResponsibility>
  <r:VersionRationale>
    <r:RationaleDescription>
      <r:String xml:lang="en">Versioned MOMLOC</r:String>
    </r:RationaleDescription>
    <r:RationaleCode>Update</r:RationaleCode>
  </r:VersionRationale>
  <r:Software></r:Software>
  <r:MetadataQuality>
    <r:QualityMeasure>InternalReview</r:QualityMeasure>
    <r:MeasurePurpose><r:Content xml:lang="en">Content has be
reviewed and confirmed for use on Public
site.</r:Content></r:MeasurePurpose>
    <r:MeasureValue>Public</r:MeasureValue>
  </r:MetadataQuality>
  ...
</l:VariableScheme>
```

Minimum required content of the above:

```
<l:VariableScheme isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-31" isPublished="true" xml:lang="en">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:6
  </r:URN>
```

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```
...
</l:VariableScheme>
```

Reference

Note that in this case Version 1 of Var_1234 originally appeared in Version 1 of VS_IPUMS. However, the sourceContext indicates that VS_IPUMS:4 is the context at the point of reference.

```
<l:VariableReference isReference="true" isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" objectLanguage="en"
sourceContext="urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:4.0">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:1.0
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>Var_1234</r:ID>
  <r:Version>1.0</r:Version>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:MaintainableObject>
    <r:TypeOfObject>VariableScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:MaintainableID>VS_IPUMS</r:MaintainableID>
    <r:MaintainableVersion>1.0</r:MaintainableVersion>
  </r:MaintainableObject>
</l:VariableReference>
```

Minimum required content of the above:

```
<l:VariableReference isReference="true" isExternal="false"
lateBound="false">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:1.0
  </r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
</l:VariableReference>
```

Above reference as a lateBound reference where the most recent minor version of major version 1 of the variable is being requested.

```
<l:VariableReference isReference="true" isExternal="false"
lateBound="true" objectLanguage="en"
sourceContext="urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:4.0" lateBoundRestriction="1">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:1.0
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>Var_1234</r:ID>
  <r:Version>1.0</r:Version>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:MaintainableObject>
```

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```
<r:TypeOfObject>VariableScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
<r:MaintainableID>VS_IPUMS</r:MaintainableID>
<r:MaintainableVersion>1.0</r:MaintainableVersion>
</r:MaintainableObject>
</l:VariableReference>
```

SchemeReference

```
<l:VariableSchemeReference isReference="true" isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" objectLanguage="en">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:1.0
  </r:URN>
  <r:Agency>us.mpc</r:Agency>
  <r:ID>VS_IPUMS</r:ID>
  <r:Version>1.0</r:Version>
  <r:TypeOfObject>VariableScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:Exclude isReference="true" isExternal="false" lateBound="false"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </l:Exclude>
</l:VariableSchemeReference>
```

Minimum required content of the above:

```
<l:VariableSchemeReference isReference="true" isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" objectLanguage="en">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_IPUMS:1.0
  </r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>VariableScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:Exclude isReference="true" isExternal="false" lateBound="false"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1234:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </l:Exclude>
</l:VariableSchemeReference>
```

3.2 - Maintainable Objects: Modules and Schemes

3.3 – Name, Label, and Description

DDI modules designed to contain published objects (DDIInstance, StudyUnit, Group, ResourcePackage, LocalHoldingPackage, and PhysicalInstance) all contain full citation information which provides detailed information on the name of the object, as well as means of labeling and describing it. DDI has identified

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a number of objects, primarily non-publication structure modules, schemes, and versionable objects within schemes as items that have the potential to be managed in an ISO/IEC 11179 type repository. In line with ISO/IEC 11179-5, DDI has provided this set of objects with a sequence of a name, label, and description. Label and Description are standard structures. Name is used as a type specification for a specific object name, i.e. VariableName type="r:NameType". A complete listing of objects of NameType will be found in Appendix: X.

NameType

Namespace: r

InternationalStringType

Parent Maintainable: **varies by usage**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

NameType

String	(0..n)
@xml:lang	(optional)
@isTranslated	(default="false")
@isTranslatable	(default="true")
@translationSourceLangauge	(optional)
@translationDate	(optional)
@isPreferred	(optional)
@context	(optional)

A name is what an object is called within a registry. All elements of type NameType may be repeated to supply different names for different contexts, such as different sections within a registry system. Do not repeat the use of the NameType object to capture multilingual content. This is handled by the base type, InternationalString [see pt2:2.5.1]. Each String within the NameType represents the same content in a different language. Each language string can be identified by its language designation (with optional country specification, i.e. en-UK), with information on whether the content was translated, can be

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translated (i.e. is not machine code), the source languages for the translation, and the translation date. The two attributes specific to NameType identify the preferred name if multiple name sets are available and capture the context within which the specified name is used. If the element of type NameType is repeated, it is the attribute context which is used to disambiguate between the options. The attribute isPreferred allows the content creator to designate the preferred or default name for the object.

Label

Namespace: r

StructuredStringType

Parent Maintainable: **varies by usage**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

Label

Content	(0..n)
xhtml:BlkNoForm.mix	(0..n)
@xml:lang	(optional)
@isTranslated	(default="false")
@isTranslatable	(default="true")
@translationSourceLangauge	(optional)
@translationDate	(optional)
TypeOfLabel	(0..n)
@locationVariant	(optional)
@validForStartDate	(optional)
@validForEndDate	(optional)
@maxLength	(optional)

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A Label is intended to provide content for use in a display (a table layout, printed content, web site, etc.). In all locations where Label is used it may be repeated to reflect different types of label (i.e. a short label, or a full label, etc.). The Label uses an extension base of StructuredStringType which managed both multilingual content and allows for the use of a set of xhtml structure tags (see pt2:2.5.1). Differences in the intended use of each Label are expressed by the element TypeOfLabel and a set of attributes that apply to all language versions of the Label. The TypeOfLabel uses the extension base CodeValueType which supports the use of an external controlled vocabulary (see pt2:2.5.1). The attribute locationVariant is an xs:string to allow for either a common geographic specification such as a country code or a descriptive term (i.e. urban, northwest region, etc.). For Labels with a limited period of use the pair of attributes validForStartDate and validForEndDate allow clear specification for when a Label is valid. Finally the attribute maxLength is useful for identifying labels that must meet a specific length limitation, for example in publishing content within a specific format or software system.

Description

Namespace: r

StructuredStringType

Parent Maintainable: **varies by usage**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

Description

Content	(0..n)
xhtml:BlkNoForm.mix	(0..n)
@xml:lang	(optional)
@isTranslated	(default="false")
@isTranslatable	(default="true")
@translationSourceLangauge	(optional)
@translationDate	(optional)

Description is of type StructuredStringType with no additional extensions. It generally appears with a cardinality of 0..1. If it is important to differentiate be original and added content it is possible to do this

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by using the content structure features of the StructutedString (see pt2:2.5.1). Note that if the object containing the Name, Label, Description sequence may be used in a comparison process, providing content for Description is critical as comparison is based upon the comparison of the Description of the object, not its Name or Label.

3.4 - Controlled Vocabularies

4.0 - Specific Structures in Alphabetical Order:

4.1 - Archive

When DDI talks of archive it is referring to specific activities that take place for the purpose of organizing and preserving the metadata and related data files. Archive activities are performed by the individual or organization responsible for maintaining and preserving the metadata. This could be the individual researcher, a data production organization, or a formal archive dedicated to the preservation of metadata and data. It focuses on the information related to management, preservation, and access.

Archive is a module which contains two types of information. The first is information specific to the instance of the metadata in a specific location. This “ArchiveSpecific” information may have no relevance outside of a specific location. For example, information on the physical storage location of the metadata parts, how they fit into a local collection, or what related materials the archive may contain. In addition to the “ArchiveSpecific” information, the Archive module contains a record of events that are significant in the life of the metadata and houses the OrganizationScheme which describes the organizations and individuals related to the metadata. OrganizationScheme and its contents are described in “Organizations, Individuals, and Relations” (xx.xx.xx). An OrganizationScheme may be included in-line or by reference. This allows for the maintenance of a master OrganizationScheme as a ResourcePackage and the inclusion of the relevant sections in individual Archive modules.

The Archive section describes the overall structure of the module, describes the ArchiveSpecific information and provides details on AccessType which is used to describe both default and specific access restrictions at the level of the archive, the collection, or an item.

```
Archive
  Extension base: r:MaintainableType
  ArchiveModuleName
  (0..n)
  r:Label
  (0..n)
  r:Description
  (0..1)
  ArchiveSpecific
  (0..n)
```

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```
CHOICE
(0..n)
    OrganizationScheme
    r:OrganizationSchemeReference
END CHOICE
r:LifecycleInformation
(0..1)
    LifecycleEvent
(0..n)
        Extension base: IdentifiableType
        Label
(0..n)
        EventType
(0..1)
        Date
(0..1)
        AgencyOrganizationReference (0..n)
        Description
(0..1)
        Relationship
(0..n)
r:OtherMaterial
(0..n)
```

The Archive contains an ArchiveModuleName, Label, and Description to support its maintenance within a registry system. The purpose of the module is to organize the information about the location, management, and important events surrounding the metadata to which it belongs. ArchiveSpecific information is discussed below and the details of the OrganizationScheme are found in “Organizations, Individuals, and Relations” (xx.xx) . A key feature in Archive is the LifeCycleInformation object which contains an unsorted stack of LifecycleEvents. These events are identifiable and may have Note or OtherMaterials attached to them. These should all be contained within the Archive module so they do not risk becoming disassociated with the related object.

A LifecycleEvent is any event that the user decides has value to the archive or the end user. Capturing data and metadata processing information related to ingest and management of metadata within an archive or similar organization is a common use of this section. The LifecycleEvent contains a label for the event, specifies the type of event being captured (supports the use of a controlled vocabulary for this object), specifies the date of the event, the organizations or individuals involved by reference to their description in an OrganizationScheme, and describes the event. The event may be attached to one or more identifiable objects within the metadata by use of Relationship. This is the same structure as used in Note(xxx.xx) and OtherMaterial (xxx.xx)

```
ArchiveSpecific
    ArchiveOrganizationReference (0..1)
```

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Item
(0..n)
 r:Citation
(0..1)
 LocationInArchive
(0..n)
 CallNumber
(0..1)
 r:URI
(0..1)
 ItemFormat
(0..1)
 Media
(0..1)
 StudyClass
(0..1)
 r:Description
(0..1)
 ClassType
(0..1)
 Access
(0..1)
 OriginalArchiveOrganizationReference (0..n)
 AvailabilityStatus
(0..1)
 DataFileQuantity
(0..1)
 CollectionCompleteness
(0..1)
 Item
(0..n)
Collection
(0..n)
 r:Citation
(0..1)
 LocationInArchive
(0..n)
 CallNumber
(0..1)
 r:URI
(0..1)
 ItemQuantity
(0..1)
 StudyClass
(0..1)
 r:Description
(0..1)
 ClassType
(0..1)

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```
    DefaultAccess
(0..1)
    OriginalArchiveOrganizationReference    (0..n)
    AvailabilityStatus
(0..1)
    DataFileQuantity
(0..1)
    CollectionCompleteness
(0..1)
    Item
(0..n)
    Collection
(0..n)
DefaultAccess
(0..n)
r:FundingInformation                        (0..n)
r:Budget
(0..n)
r:QualityStatementReference                (0..n)
r:Coverage
(0..1)
```

ArchiveSpecific focuses on the place of the metadata within the collections of the organization which maintains the original or a local depository copy. The first object in ArchiveSpecific is a reference to the description of the ArchiveOrganization itself. This description within an OrganizationScheme should contain all of the relevant contact information for the Archive Organization, any special identifiers such as its DDI Agency identification, information on how it handles versioning, and any other information that would be useful to anyone needing to interact with the agency. Item and Collection, both of which can internally nested objects of the same type, provide flexibility for the archive to describe its holdings. At the level of ArchiveSpecific you can describe the general or DefaultAccess rules and processes for the Archive (these may be superseded by rules for specific items or collections), FundingInformation for archival processing or collection and Budget information. QualityStatements, such as adherence to OAIS or various certification programs, are included here by reference. A statement of the overall coverage of the archive may be described in spatial, temporal, and topical terms.

Item and Collection are similar in structure. Archives deal with addressable byte streams, files, representations (objects collectively representing an intellectual entity), as well as collections and sub-collections of those objects. An archive should be internally consistent in how it organizes this information about the objects it contains, but DDI does not dictate the organization structure. For example, a Representation may be described as an Item containing several sub-items each representing a file and/or byte stream. Others may define a Representation a form of Collection with an Item used to define individual files and byte streams.

Both Item and Collection capture the following information about a digital object: a citation for the object, it's physical location in the archive such as a remote or offline storage location, a CallNumber

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(internal identification number), the URI, the StudyClass which is used to represent any processing or other non-topical means of classification within the archive, a reference to the original archive organization (where did it come from), availability status, quantity of related data files, a statement concerning the completeness of the collection, and a recursive object (Item or Collection) used to create nested hierarchies.

The unique objects in Item refer to the physical manifestation of a single item including the ItemFormat, Media, and Access restrictions/permissions specific to the Item. The unique objects in Collection reflect its description of a set of objects including, ItemQuantity (a check sum), and DefaultAccess providing restrictions/permissions for the set (these can be overridden at the item level).

AccessType

```
Extension base: r:IdentifiableType
AccessTypeName
(0..n)
r:Label
(0..n)
r:Description
(0..1)
ConfidentialityStatement (0..1)
AccessPermission
(0..n)
    FormNumber
(0..1)
    r:URI
(0..1)
    Statement
(0..1)
    @isRequired
(optional)
Restrictions
(0..1)
CitationRequirement
(0..1)
DepositRequirement
(0..1)
AccessConditions
(0..1)
Disclaimer
(0..1)
AccessRestrictionDate (0..1)
ContactOrganizationReference (0..n)
```

AccessType is used by both Access and DefaultAccess to describe the details of any permissions or restrictions related to a specific object or a set of objects. In general, default access specifications at the archive or collection level are applied to their contained objects unless overridden by conflicting Access

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information lower down. For example, an archive may have a policy of open access to all users, but a specific collection may require registration, or an individual object may be private and inaccessible to any users outside of the research project that created it.

AccessType is identifiable so that external documents may be associated with it. It contains a Name, Label, and Description to assist in managing multiple access statements. Note that while the term “restriction” is used the content may be captured as descriptions of specific restrictions or permissions, whichever is clearer. AccessRestrictionDate provides a timeframe for the access description. ContactOrganizationReference provides a reference to the organization or individual to contact for further information regarding access. If an organization or sub-organization is referenced, changes in personnel or contact numbers can be captured in the OrganizationScheme. The following descriptive content are all of type StructuredStringType supporting both language replication and structured content for clarity: ConfidentialityStatement, Restrictions, CitationRequirement, DepositRequirement, AccessConditions, and Disclaimer. AccessPermission is a reference to a specific form, either physical or digital, used to arrange for access to an item. It contains a form number, a URI, a Statement relaying the use and purpose of the access form (InternationalStringType), and a Boolean attribute indicating whether completion of the form is required for access.

The following example contains all the major sections noted above including the ArchiveSpecific information, a short set of Items within a collection, three LifecycleEvents, and a related OtherMaterial brief citation. Access information is provided for the Archive (MPC_NHGIS) as DefaultAccess.

Example:

```
<a:Archive isMaintainable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Caonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Arch_1:1</r:URN>
  <a:ArchiveModuleName context="IPEDS"><r:String xml:lang="en-
US">MPC_NHGIS_HIST1900</r:String></a:ArchiveModuleName>
  <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">MPC NHGIS Archive Record for
HIST1900</r:Content></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">Information specific
to the HIST1900 data files and documentation in the NHGIS
project</r:Content></r:Description>
  <a:ArchiveSpecific>
    <a:ArchiveOrganizationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPCwide:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OrganizationScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    </a:ArchiveOrganizationReference>
  <a:Collection>
    <r:Citation>
      <r>Title>NHGIS Historical 1900</r>Title>
    </r:Citation>
    <a:ItemQuantity>2</a:ItemQuantity>
```

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```
<a:AvailabilityStatus>On-Line</a:AvailabilityStatus>
<a>DataFileFileQuantity>4</a>DataFileQuantity>
<a:CollectionCompleteness>Original data dictionary,
DDI documentation, US level data file, State level data file, and
County level data file.</a:CollectionCompleteness>
<a:Item>
  <r:Citation>
    <r>Title>us1990cnty</r>Title>
  </r:Citation>

  <a:LocationInArchive>aggdata/Translation/HIST/us1990cnty.sps</a:L
ocationInArchive>
  <a:ItemFormat>ASCII text</a:ItemFormt>
  <a:ItemQuantity>1</a:ItemQuantity>

  <a:AvailabilityStatus>archive</a:AvailabilityStatus>
  <a>DataFileFileQuantity>1</a>DataFileQuantity>
  <a:CollectionCompleteness>SPSS setup file and
related data file.</a:CollectionCompleteness>
  <a:Item>
  <a:Item>
    <r:Citation>
      <r>Title>Census of Population for National,
State, and County Levels - 1900: NHGIS documentation</r>Title>
    </r:Citation>
    <a:LocationInArchive>NHGIS/metadata/DDI/HIST1900-
cnty.xml</a:LocationInArchive>
    <a:ItemFormat>xml</a:ItemFormt>
    <a:ItemQuantity>1</a:ItemQuantity>

  <a:AvailabilityStatus>NHGISsubversion</a:AvailabilityStatus>
  <a>DataFileFileQuantity>3</a>DataFileQuantity>
  <a:CollectionCompleteness>DDI documentation, US
level data file, State level data file, and County level data
file.</a:CollectionCompleteness>
  <a:Item>
  <a:Collection>
    <a:DefaultAccess isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Caonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_ACCESS_1:1</r:URN>
      <a:AccessName context="IPEDS"><r:String xml:lang="en-
US">MPC_NHGIS_ACCESS</r:String></a:AccessName>
      <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">NHGIS Access
Requirements</r:Content></r:Label>
      <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">Describes
access and usage requirements for NHGIS</r:Content></r:Description>
      <a:ConfidentialityStatement><r:Content xml:lang="en-
US">NHGIS contains public data obtained through the U.S. Census
Bureau.</r:Content></a:ConfidentialityStatement>
```

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<a:Restrictions><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">The National Historical Geographic Information System (NHGIS) provides, free of charge, aggregate census data and GIS-compatible boundary files for the United States between 1790 and 2010.</r:Content></a:Restrictions>

<a:AccessPermission isRequired="true">

<r:URI>https://data2.nhgis.org/users/login</r:URI>

</a:AccessPermission>

<a:CitationRequirement><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">All persons are granted a limited license to use this documentation and the accompanying data, subject to the following condition:<xhtml:ul><xhtml:li>Publications and research reports based on the database must cite it appropriately. The citation should include the following: Minnesota Population Center. National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 2.0. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota 2011.</xhtml:li><xhtml:li>If possible, citations should also include the URL for the NHGIS site: http://www.nhgis.org</xhtml:ul><xhtml:br/>In addition, we request that users send us a copy of any publications, research reports, or educational material making use of the data or documentation. Printed material should be sent to:<xhtml:br/>NHGIS<xhtml:br/> Minnesota Population Center<xhtml:br/> University of Minnesota<xhtml:br/>50 Willey Hall<xhtml:br/>225 19th Ave S<xhtml:br/>Minneapolis, MN 55455</r:Content></a:CitationRequirement>

<a:AccessConditions><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">Preregistration</r:Content></a:AccessConditions>

<a:AccessRestrictionDate><r:StartDate>2001-05-01</r:StartDate></a:AccessRestrictionDate>

<a:ContactOrganizationReference isReference="true" isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">

<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPCwide:1.0</r:URN>

<r:TypeOfObject>OrganizationScheme</r:TypeOfObject>

</a:ContactOrganizationReference>

</a:DefaultAccess>

</a:ArchiveSpecific>

<r:OrganizationSchemeReference isReference="true" isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">

<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPCwide:1.0</r:URN>

<r:TypeOfObject>OrganizationScheme</r:TypeOfObject>

</r:OrganizationSchemeReference>

<r:LifecycleInformation>

<r:LifecycleEvent isIdentifiable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Caonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">

<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_Event_1:1</r:URN>

<r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">HIST1900-cnty aquisition</r:Content></r:Label>

<r:EventType>Aquisition</r:EventType>

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```
<r:Date><r:SimpleDate>2001-03-
10</r:SimpleDate></r:Date>
  <r:AgencyOrganizationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPC_NHGIS:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Organization</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:AgencyOrganizationReference>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">The 1900
History file was aquired as part of a collection of 1900-1950 data
entered from printed documents through NGHIS
subcontract.</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_HIST1900-
cnty:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>StudyUnit</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
    <r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">DDI
Documentation</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:LifecycleEvent>
    <r:LifecycleEvent isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Caonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_Event_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">HIST1900-cnty
creation of DDI metadata document</r:Content></r:Label>
      <r:EventType>DDICreation</r:EventType>
      <r:Date><r:SimpleDate>2001-04-
01</r:SimpleDate></r:Date>
    </r:LifecycleEvent>
  <r:AgencyOrganizationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPC_NHGIS:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Organization</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:AgencyOrganizationReference>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">Data
dictionary information plus additional content from original print
documents and materials regarding the 1990 U.S. Census in IPUMS were
compiled in DDI and verified.</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_HIST1900-
cnty:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>StudyUnit</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
```

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```
<r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">DDI
Documentation</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:LifecycleEvent>
    <r:LifecycleEvent isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_Event_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">HIST1900-cnty
integration into 2001 NHGIS release</r:Content></r:Label>
      <r:EventType>NHGISIntegration</r:EventType>
      <r>Date><r:SimpleDate>2001-05-
01</r:SimpleDate></r>Date>
      <r:AgencyOrganizationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
        <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:OrgS_MPC_NHGIS:1.0</r:URN>
        <r:TypeOfObject>Organization</r:TypeOfObject>
      </r:AgencyOrganizationReference>
      <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">The
HIST1900-cnty metadata and data files were successfully integrated
into the NHGIS system for the May 2001
release.</r:Content></r:Description>
    <r:Relationship>
      <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
        <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_HIST1900-
cnty:1</r:URN>
        <r:TypeOfObject>StudyUnit</r:TypeOfObject>
      </r:RelatedToReference>
    </r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">DDI
Documentation</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:LifecycleEvent>
    </r:LifecycleInformation>
    <r:OtherMaterial isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" xml:lang="en">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NHGIS_Event_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfMaterial>Print.Book</r:TypeOfMaterial>
      <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-US">Data
source</r:Content></r:Description>
    <r:Citation>
      <r>Title>Twelfth Census of the United States Taken in
the Year 1990, Census Reports Volume I - Population Part I</r>Title>
      <r:Creator>
        <r:CreatorName affiliation="Interior
Department">United States Census Office</r:CreatorName>
      </r:Creator>
      <r:Publisher>
```

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```
<r:PublisherName>Washington: United States Census
Office</r:PublisherName>
  </r:Publisher>
  <r:PublicationDate>
    <r:SimpleDate>1901</r:SimpleDate>
  </r:PublicationDate>
</r:Citation>
<r:Relationship>
  <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:HIST1900-
cnty_Item2:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Item</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:RelatedToReference>
  <r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">Data Source</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
</r:OtherMaterial>
</a:Archive>
```

4.2 - Category

4.3 - Citation

4.4 - Code List

4.5 - Code Value

4.6 - Collection Event

4.7 - Comparison

4.8 - Concept, Universe and Conceptual Variable

4.9 - Conceptual Component

4.10 - Control Construct

4.11 - Coverage

4.12 - Data Collection

4.13 - Data Relationship

4.14 - Date

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With the exception of describing the date format in a data capture system or as it is represented in a data file, DDI requires the use of the standard ISO 860 formats for all machine actionable dates. ISO 860 uses the Gregorian calendar so dates in other calendars must be translated. The basic form of a date in DDI is the BaseDateType which is a union of ISO dates types including:

xs:dateTime	yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss	1982-01-05T23:05:15
xs:date	yyyy-mm-dd	1982-01-05
xs:gYearMonth	yyyy-mm	1982-01
xs:gYear	yyyy	1982
xs:duration	PnnYnnMnnDTnnHnnMnnS	P26Y02M22DT11H05M20S

Note that all upper case letters are literals, for example, the “T” in dateTime is literal, denoting the beginning of the Time section. Seconds (ss) may contain decimals. Optionally, dateTime can be extended by a time zone offset of “Z” to represent Zulu time or GMT. For example, Eastern Standard Time is Z-4, Central Europe is Z+1.

“P” in xs:duration indicates that this is a Period of duration and the number precedes the type of period, (i.e., nnY is the number of Years). A period may be of negative duration by placing a negative sign before the “P”, for example a period of minus 10 days (-P10D).

Elements of DateType support the use of a single date or date range. Date ranges are assumed to be inclusive. While normally a range will have a StartDate and EndDate, DDI supports the use of open ranges where only the StartDate or EndDate is known. SimpleDate, StartDate, and EndDate are all BaseDateType.

All dates may be replicated in their HistoricalDate format to reflect how the date was expressed in original documentation. Historical date information parallels the simple date, start date and end date structures of the standard DateType. The date is captured as a string in NonISODate, the format is provided in HistoricalDateFormat (supports the use of a controlled vocabulary), and the calendar type may be specified in Calendar (supports the use of a controlled vocabulary). HistoricalDate, HistoricalStartDate, and HistoricalEndDate are all HistoricalDateType

The overall date format is composed of three primary structures, BaseDateType, DateType, and HistoricalDateType:

BaseDateType

Union: xs:dateTime xs:date xs:gYearMonth xs:gYear xs:duration

DateType

CHOICE:

SEQUENCE:

SimpleDate

(1..1)

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```
        HistoricalDate          (0..1)
    ENDSEQUENCE
    SEQUENCE:
        StartDate              (1..1)
        HistoricalStartDate     (0..1)
        EndDate                 (0..1)
        HistoricalEndDate       (0..1)
    ENDSEQUENCE
    SEQUENCE:
        EndDate                 (1..1)
        HistoricalEndDate       (0..1)
    ENDSEQUENCE
```

```
HistoricalDateType
    NonISODate                (1..1)
    HistoricalDateFormat       (0..1)
    Calendar                   (0..1)
```

Eight elements are defined as DateType. Three additional elements use DateType as an extension base, adding specific additional elements or attributes to define the use of the date in that particular location. Five attributes use BaseDateType. Usage locations are listed below.

Element using DateType	
datacollection.xsd	DataCollectionDate
reusable.xsd	EffectivePeriod
reusable.xsd	GeographicTime
reusable.xsd	PublicationDate
Element using extension base DateType	
datacollection.xsd	DataCollectionFrequency
reusable.xsd	AccessRestrictionDate
reusable.xsd	ReferenceDate
Attribute using BaseDateType	
reusable.xsd	authorizationDate
reusable.xsd	completionDate
reusable.xsd	validForEndDate
reusable.xsd	validForStartDate
reusable.xsd	versionDate

Example - SimpleDate:

```
<r:PublicationDate>
  <r:SimpleDate>2013-02-26</r:SimpleDate>
  <r:HistoricalDate>
    <r:NonISODate>26 February 2013</r:NonISODate>
    <r:HistoricalDateFormat>dd Month
    yyyy</r:HistoricalDateFormat>
    <r:Calendar>Gregorian</r:Calendar>
```

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```
</r:HistoricalDate>  
</r:PublicationDate>
```

Example - Complete Date Range:

```
<d:DataCollectionDate>  
  <r:StartDate>2010-06-05T20:20:00</r:StartDate>  
  <r:HistoricalStartDate>  
    <r:NonISODate>24 Sivan 2770</r:NonISODate>  
    <r:HistoricalDateFormat>dd Month  
yyyy</r:HistoricalDateFormat>  
    <r:Calendar>Jewish</r:Calendar>  
</r:HistoricalStartDate>  
  <r:EndDate>2010-08-05T20:20:00</r:EndDate>  
  <r:HistoricalEndDate>  
    <r:NonISODate>28 Sivan 5770</r:NonISODate>  
    <r:HistoricalDateFormat>dd Month  
yyyy</r:HistoricalDateFormat>  
    <r:Calendar>Jewish</r:Calendar>  
</r:HistoricalEndDate>  
</d:DataCollectionDate>
```

Example - Range with unknown end date:

```
<r:GeographicTime>  
  <r:StartDate>2013-02-26</r:StartDate>  
  <r:HistoricalStartDate>  
    <r:NonISODate>26 February 2013</r:NonISODate>  
    <r:HistoricalDateFormat>dd Month  
yyyy</r:HistoricalDateFormat>  
    <r:Calendar>Gregorian</r:Calendar>  
</r:HistoricalStartDate>  
</r:GeographicTime >
```

Example - Range with unknown start date:

```
<d:ValidPeriod>  
  <r:EndDate>2013-02-26</r:SimpleDate>  
  <r:HistoricalEndDate>  
    <r:NonISODate>February 26, 2013</r:NonISODate>  
    <r:HistoricalDateFormat>Month dd, yyyy</r:HistoricalDateFormat>  
    <r:Calendar>Gregorian</r:Calendar>  
</r:HistoricalEndDate>  
</d:ValidPeriod >
```

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4.15 - DDI Instance

4.16 - DDI Profile

4.17 - Delineation Structures

4.18 - Embargo

4.19 - Ex-Post Evaluation

4.20 - Fragment Instance

4.21 - Funding Information and Budget

4.22 - Geographic Location

4.23 - Geographic Structure

4.24 - Group

4.25 - Image

4.26 - In/Out Parameters, Binding and Command Code

DDI provides a generic Command Code structure that supports the inclusion of an inline command in a specified programming language, a reference to an external file containing the command code, and the use of a StructuredCommand which serves as an extension stub for the insertion of a command code using an external namespace. CommandCode makes use of the new InParameter, OutParameter, and Binding available in primary locations throughout DDI in order to more clearly define the inputs to processes and algorithms used in collecting, altering, and revising data as it travels through the lifecycle into a data file.

The Command indicates the programming language of the command, specifies InParameters (items of information required to process the command), OutParameters, (items of information generated by the command), Binding (linking the output of an object external to the Command to the InParameter), and the CommandContent. If using a command stored as an external file, CommandFile provides the same program language information, InParameter, OutParameter, and Binding options as well as a description of the file location and a URI for the file.

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Command Code

The Command indicates the programming language of the command, specifies InParameters (items of information required to process the command), OutParameters, (items of information generated by the command), Binding (linking the output of an object external to the Command to the InParameter), and the CommandContent. If using a command stored as an external file, CommandFile provides the same program language information, InParameter, OutParameter, and Binding options as well as a description of the file location and a URI for the file.

CommandCode	
Description	(0..1)
Command	(0..1)
ProgramLanguage	(1..1)
InParameter	(0..n)
OutParameter	(0..n)
Binding	(0..n)
CommandContent	(0..1)
CommandFile	(0..1)
ProgramLanguage	(1..1)
InParameter	(0..n)
OutParameter	(0..n)
Binding	(0..n)
Location	(0..1)
URI	(0..1)
StructuredCommand	(0..1)

InParameter, OutParameter, Binding

InParameter and OutParameter share the contents of Parameter. InParameter adds the attribute limitedArrayIndex used to specify the object(s) in the zero-based array used by the Parameter. This is used only when the attribute isArray is set to “true”. The Parameter provides the standard Parameter Name and Description elements. An optional Alias may be defined in cases where a command is written using a Alias. This allows a clear link between, for example, the term AGE in the command “If AGE >= 21” and in InParameter with the Alias value of “AGE”. This is particularly useful when using external CommandFile scripts which would not contain the ID of the InParameter in the command.

ValueRepresentation allows for a definition of the expected contents and is recommended if you are sharing data with others. DefaultValue provides a value to use if the OutParameter bound to the InParameter provides no value. Binding is a simple linkage indicating the contents of a specified SourceParameter provide the value for the TargetParameter.

Parameter	
Extension base: IdentifiableType	
ParameterName	(0..n)
Alias	(0..1)
Description	(0..1)
ValueRepresentation	(0..1)

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DefaultValue (0..1)
@isArray (default="false")

InParameter
Extension base: Parameter
@limitArrayIndex

OutParameter
Type="Parameter"

Binding
SourceParameterReference (1..1)
TargetParameterReference (1..1)

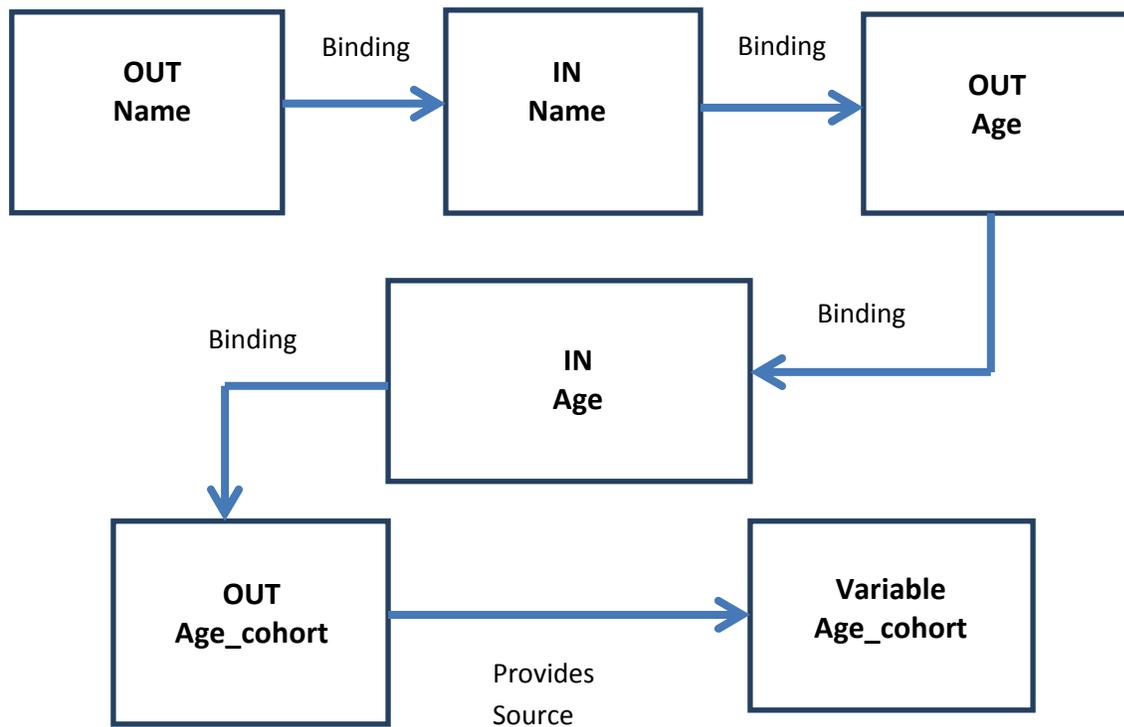
The following chart lists where each of these objects is available within DDI.

OBJECT	IN	OUT	BIND	Source Parameter Reference	Command Code
QuestionItem	x	x	x		
QuestionGrid	x	x	x		
QuestionBlock	x	x	x		
ControlConstruct	x	x	x		
IfCondition					x
UntilCondition					x
WhileCondition					x
InitialValue					x
LoopWhile					x
StepValue					x
ComputationItem					x
ControlConstructReference			x		
InterviewerInstruction	x		x		
GeneralInstruction					x
GenerationInstruction					x
Category/Generation					x
DynamicText	x				
DynamicText/Expression	x				
ResponseDomain		x			
CodeSubsetInfo					x
CommandCode	x	x	x		
Command	x	x	x		
CommandFile	x	x	x		

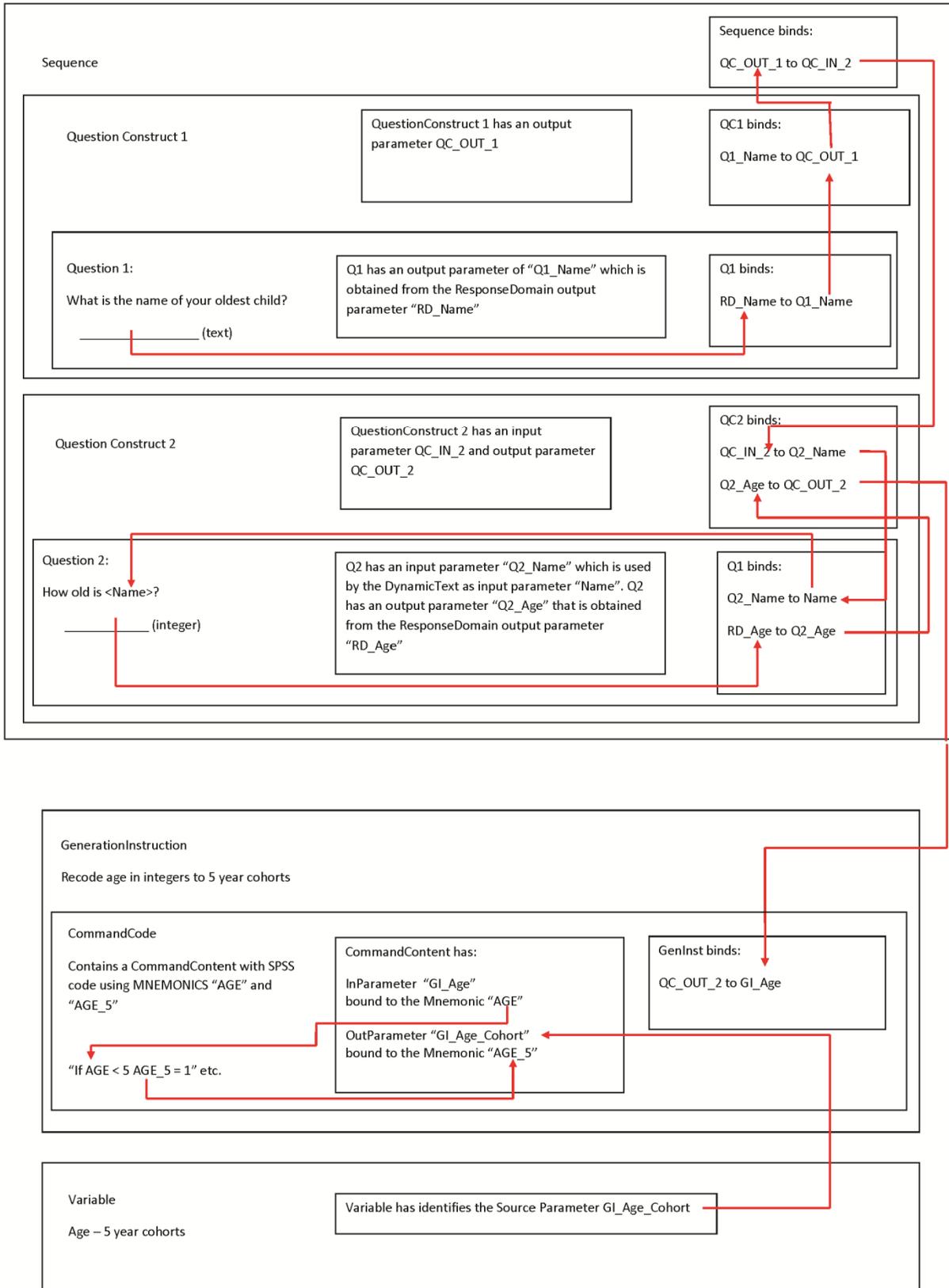
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Variable				x	
----------	--	--	--	---	--

The following example tracks the capture of a child's Name to its use in the dynamic text of a subsequent question regarding the child's age, the use of the age response by a generation instruction recoding the provided age into an age cohort, and finally the storage of the age cohort value in a variable.



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EXAMPLE:

```
<d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q1:1</r:URN>
  <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q1_Name:1"</r:URN>
  </r:OutParameter>
  <r:Binding>
    <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:RD_Name:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:SourceParameterReference>
    <r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q1_Name:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:TargetParameterReference>
  </r:Binding>
  <d:QuestionText><l:LiteralText><l:Text xml:lang
xml:sapce="default">What is the name of your oldest
child?</l:Text></l:LiteralText></d:QuestionText>
  <d:TextDomain>
    <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
isArray="false">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:RD_Name:1"</r:URN>
    </r:OutParameter>
    <r:TextDelineationReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:TD_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>TextDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:TextDelineationReference>
  </d:TextDomain>
</d:QuestionItem>
```

```
<d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2:1</r:URN>
  <r:InParameter isIdentifiable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Name:1"</r:URN>
  </r:InParameter>
  <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Age:1"</r:URN>
```

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```
</r:OutParameter>
<r:Binding>
  <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:RD_Age:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:SourceParameterReference>
  <r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Age:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TargetParameterReference>
</r:Binding>
<d:QuestionText>
  <l:LiteralText><l:Text xml:lang xml:sapce="preseve">How old is
</l:Text><l:LiteralText>
  <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Name:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>InParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:SourceParameterReference>
  <l:LiteralText><l:Text xml:lang xml:sapce="preseve"> ?</l:Text>
</d:QuestionText>
<d:NumericDomain>
  <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
isArray="false">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:RD_Age:1</r:URN>
</r:OutParameter>
  <r:TextDelineationReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:ND_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>NumericDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TextDelineationReference>
</d:NumericDomain>
</d:QuestionItem>

<d:Sequence isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:SEQ:1</r:URN>
  <r:Binding>
    <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:SourceParameterReference>
    <r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
```

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```
<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_IN_2:1</r:URN>
<r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TargetParameterReference>
</r:Binding>
<d:QuestionConstruct isVersionable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true"
    typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
    isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_1:1"</r:URN>
  </r:OutParameter>
  <r:Binding>
    <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true
  isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q1_Name:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:SourceParameterReference>
    <r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true
  isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_1:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:TargetParameterReference>
  </r:Binding>
  <r:QuestionReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
  lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q1:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:QuestionReference>
</d:QuestionConstruct>
<d:QuestionConstruct isVersionable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:InParameter isIdentifiable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
  scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_IN_2:1"</r:URN>
  </r:InParameter>
  <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
  isArray="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_2:1"</r:URN>
  </r:OutParameter>
  <r:Binding>
    <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true
  isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_IN_2:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:SourceParameterReference>
```

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```
<r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Name:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TargetParameterReference>
</r:Binding>
<r:Binding>
  <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2_Age:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:SourceParameterReference>
  <r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TargetParameterReference>
</r:Binding>
  <r:QuestionReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Q2:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:QuestionReference>
</d:QuestionConstruct>
</d:Sequence>
```

```
<d:GenerationInstruction isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GI:1</r:URN>
  <r:CommandCode>
  <r:Command>
    <rInParameter isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
isArray="false">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GI_Age:1</r:URN>
      <r:Alias>AGE</r:Alias>
    </rInParameter>
    <r:OutParameter isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
isArray="false">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GI_Age_Cohort:1</r:URN>
      <r:Alias>AGE_5</r:Alias>
    </r:OutParameter>
  <r:Binding>
    <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:QC_OUT_2:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
```

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```
</r:SourceParameterReference>
<r:TargetParameterReference isReference="true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GI_Age:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>InParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:TargetParameterReference>
</r:Binding>
<r:ProgramLanguage>SPSS</r:ProgramLanguage>
<r:CommandContent>If (AGE < 5) AGE_5=1; If (AGE >=5) & (AGE <
10) AGE_5=2; If (AGE >=10 & (AGE < 15) AGE_5=3; If (AGE >=15 & (AGE <
20) AGE_5=4; If (AGE >=20) AGE_5=5</r:CommandContent>
</r:Command>
<r:CommandCode>
</d:GenerationInstruction>

<l:Variable isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:V1:1</r:URN>
  <r:VariableName><r:String xml:lang="en">Age 5 year
cohorts</r:String></r:VariableName>
  ...
  <r:SourceParameterReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GI_Age_Cohort:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>OutParameter</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:SourceParameterReference>
  ...
</l:Variable>
```

4.27 - Instrument

4.28 - Interviewer Instruction

4.29 - Local Holding Package

4.30 - Logical Product

4.31 - Methodology

4.32 - NCube

4.33 - Note

A Note is designed to capture local information related to one or more identifiable objects. Note is designed to be an inherent part of the DDI. The information may be passed along with a DDI object over its lifetime. It is not intended to replace formal extension mechanisms. Formal extension should be used

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whenever a locally used object needs to be added to the schema. However, run-time extension needs may arise and Note can be used to capture the required metadata and associate it with the appropriate object. Note may be used to capture information during processing which is then removed prior to publication. Removing a Note removes all the links to related objects within the DDI structure.

DDI recommends placing the Note within the maintainable object containing the objects referenced by the Note. Each note may indicate who is responsible for the note, its type using a controlled vocabulary, the subject of the note, a head and note content, a set of key/value pairs and language specification for the overall note. In addition each note must be related to one or more identifiable objects.

Note

TypeOfNote	(0..1)
NoteSubject	(0..1)
Relationship	(1..n)
RelatedToReference	(1..1)
RelationshipDescription	(0..1)
Responsibility	(0..n)
Header	(0..1)
NoteContent	(0..1)
ProprietaryInfo	(0..1)
AttributeKey	(1..1)
AttributeValue	(1..1)
@xml:lang	(optional)

A Note may be classified by its type and subject. TypeOfNote should express the purpose of the note (e.g. processing note, request for review, run time extension, etc.). NoteSubject is used to express the topical subject of the Note. Both TypeOfNote and NoteSubject may be expressed using a controlled vocabulary. Relationship provides a reference to any object with an ID, preferably within the same maintainable, and a description of the relationship if needed for clarity. This is expressed as a structured string. The direction of the link between a Note and another object is always from the Note to the object. The Header provides a brief label or heading for the NoteContent which is expressed as a structured string. The provision of ProprietaryInfo (a StandardKeyValuePair) allows for the expression of the content as a tuple (attribute key and value pair) to support computer systems and applications. The overall language of the Note can be provided with the xml:lang attribute.

The following examples contain common uses of Note. The first contains a production process note which will be removed once it is acted upon. The second contains a work-around for a bug that has been reported and resolved, but not yet published as a sub-minor release. Once the correction is made to the schema, the organization will transfer the content to the corrected structure and remove the note. The third example shows the use of ProprietaryInfo in capturing a run-time local extension. This may later be transferred to a formal extension in a local namespace at a later date and the Note removed.

Example 1:

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```
<r:Note xml:lang="en">
  <r:TypeOfNote>Verification</r:TypeOfNote>
  <r:NoteSubject>Translation.English</r:NoteSubject>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MS1295:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
    <r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">VariableName
verification</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MS1295:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
    <r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content
xml:lang="en">VariableName
verification</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:Header><r:String xml:lang="en">Translation
Question</r:String></r:Header>
  <r:NoteContent><r:Content xml:lang="en">The source of this
translation was XXX rather than the standard source. The content of
the English translation string should be verified prior to
publication.</r:Content></r:NoteContent>
</r:Note>
```

Example 2:

```
<r:Note xml:lang="en">
  <r:TypeOfNote>WorkAround</r:TypeOfNote>
  <r:NoteSubject>RecordRelationship</r:NoteSubject>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference isReference="true"true
isExternal="false" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:XB9376:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>RecordRelationship</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
    <r:RelationshipDescription><r:Content xml:lang="en">Target
Source Clarification</r:Content></r:RelationshipDescription>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:NoteContent><r:Content
xml:lang="en"><xhtml:dl><xhtml:dt>SourceRecordURN</xhtml:dt><xhtml:dd>u
rn:ddi:us.mpc:LR_1:1</xhtml:dd><xhtml:dt>SourceRecordLinkURN</xhtml:dt>
<xhtml:dd>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_1:1</xhtml:dd><xhtml:dt>TargetRecordURN</x
```

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```
html:dt><xhtml:dd>urn:ddi:us.mpc:LR_2:1</xhtml:dd><xhtml:dt>TargetRecordLink</xhtml:dt><xhtml:dd>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_2:1</xhtml:dd></xhtml:d1><r:Content></r:NoteContent></r:Note>
```

Example 3:

```
<r:Note>
  <r:Relationship>
    <r:RelatedToReference typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:Agency>int.example</r:Agency>
      <r:ID>Concept1</r:ID>
      <r:Version>1</r:Version>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Concept</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:RelatedToReference>
  </r:Relationship>
  <r:ProprietaryInfo>
    <r:ProprietaryProperty>
      <r:AttributeKey>CustomProperty1</r:AttributeKey>
      <r:AttributeValue>Custom value 1</r:AttributeValue>
    </r:ProprietaryProperty>
    <r:ProprietaryProperty>
      <r:AttributeKey>CustomProperty2</r:AttributeKey>
      <r:AttributeValue>Custom value 2</r:AttributeValue>
    </r:ProprietaryProperty>
  </r:ProprietaryInfo>
</r:Note>
```

4.34 - Organization and Individual

4.35 - Other Material

4.36 - Physical Data Product

4.37 - Physical Instance

4.38 - Physical Structure

4.39 - Processing Event

4.40 - Processing Instruction

4.41 Quality Descriptions

DDI addresses descriptions of quality at three levels, the quality of the metadata as captured, means of ensuring policy for processing, and the quality of the data. Statements regarding the quality standards

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used for processing or measuring the quality of the data related to the metadata may be referenced from the following areas: study unit, group, sub-group, resource package, methodology, various descriptions of data processing, data file creation or copying, and archival processing.

Metadata Quality

Metadata quality is captured at the level of the Maintainable object and refers to the metadata contained in that object. It is held in the complex element MetadataQuality which is found in AbstractMaintainable. It is a relatively simple statement of quality such as completeness, transcription of content from the original source, level of review or verification, etc.

MetadataQuality	
TypeOfMetadataQuality	(1..1)
MeasurePurpose	(0..1)
MeasureValue	(0..1)
Description	(0..1)

Both TypeOfMetadataQuality and MeasureValue are CodeValueType and support the use of an external controlled vocabulary. These are the two primary pieces of information needed to track metadata quality internally within an organization. TypeOfMetadataQuality identifies the measure being tracked and MeasureValue provides a specific value for that measure. For example, an organization may have a number of measures one of which rates its transcription quality. It may have various values for this including: 1) Tagging and transfer of a digital content, 2) double entry, 3) single entry direct transcription, 4) selected transcription, and 5) summarization. The purpose for capturing the measure is held in MeasurePurpose (StructuredStringType) and other descriptive information that is useful to the organization or in particular a user, is held in Description (StructuredStringType).

EXAMPLE :

```
<r:MetadataQuality>
  <r:TypeOfMetadataQuality codeListName="MPCQualityTracking">
    Transcription
  </r:TypeOfMetadataQuality>
  <r:MeasurePurpose>
    <r:Content>To identify the transcription method used for
the metadata in this section</r:Content>
  </r:MeasurePurpose>
  <r:MeasureValue
codeListName="MPCTranscriptionType">1</r:MeasureValue>
  <r:Description>
    <r:Content>Content was original digital text. Content was
tagged and processed through an XSLT to transform it to DDI
structure.</r:Content>
  </r:Description>
</r:MetadataQuality>
```

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Quality Statement

Quality statements are compiled in a QualityStatementScheme which may be published within a StudyUnit, Group, or ResourcePackage. Quality statements primarily address processes and steps that are taken to ensure quality within those processes. A QualityStatement allows for either the identification of an external standard plus a statement regarding compliance with that standard, or a general statement of steps taken to ensure quality for a given process or activity. A QualityStatement is attached to a processing area by reference from the description of the process/activity itself.

```
QualityStatement
  Extension base: Versionable
  CHOICE: (0..n)
    StandardsCompliance
      Standard (1..1)
      ComplianceDescription (0..1)
    OtherQualityStatement
  ENDCHOICE
```

StandardsCompliance consists of a reference to the Standard using the structure of OtherMaterial. This could reference a document, web site, or other source containing a formal standard for processing, best practice, internal protocol, or other statement of quality. ComplianceDescription (StructuredStringType) provides details on how this standard or protocol was applied, in particular noting any deviations or issues that would have an impact on the quality factors being assessed. When no formal standard or protocol exists, use OtherQualityStatement (StructuredStringType) to describe steps taken to ensure quality. Quality statements can be referenced from the following locations and should relate quality assessment information focused on the process, activity or general coverage area where the reference is included:

- | | |
|---|--|
| a:ArchiveSpecific/r:QualityStatementReference | In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the monitoring of the Archive's activities and operations. For example: TRAC certification using the reference to the TRAC standard and noting the Archive's certification dates in the compliance section |
| d:Methodology/r:QualityStatementReference | In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to overall methodology, i.e., overall scientific method followed, statistical standards, |

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d:CollectionEvent/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to a specific collection event, i.e., respondent confidentiality protocol, use of human subjects protocol
d:ProcessingEvent/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the specific processing event, i.e., best practices for data cleaning in a specific area
g:ResourcePackage/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the specific activities surrounding the creation of the resource package, i.e., criteria for selecting the schemes to include, review processes, modification, etc.
g:ResourcePackage/r:QualityStatementScheme	The inline content of a publication package not related to a specific study (payload)
g:ResourcePackage /r:QualityStatementSchemeReference	The referenced content of a publication package not related to a specific study (payload)
g:Group/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the specific activities surrounding the creation of the Group, i.e., grouping, selection, or organizational policies.
g:Group/r:QualityStatementScheme	The scheme of QualityStatements shared by the Group included in-line
g:Group/r:QualityStatementSchemeReference	The scheme of QualityStatements shared by the Group included by reference
g:SubGroup/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the specific activities surrounding the creation of the SubGroup, i.e., grouping, selection, or organizational policies. (Allowing for the later subordination of a Group thereby turning it into a SubGroup)
g:SubGroup/r:QualityStatementSchemeReference	The scheme of QualityStatements shared by the

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	sub-group included by reference
pi:PhysicalInstance/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the data file, i.e., a statement regarding data lost during rescue from an old media, the use of standards protocols in verification that this is a valid copy of another file
s:StudyUnit/r:QualityStatementReference	In this location the QualityStatement being referenced should relate to the specific activities surrounding the creation of the StudyUnit, i.e., coverage, purpose, organization, etc.
s:StudyUnit/r:QualityStatementScheme	The scheme of QualityStatements shared by the StudyUnit included in-line
s:StudyUnit/r:QualityStatementSchemeReference	The scheme of QualityStatements shared by the StudyUnit included by reference

EXAMPLES:

```
<r:QualityStatementScheme isMaintainable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:QualityStatement isVersionable="true" "
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:StandardsCompliance>
      <r:Standard isIdentifiable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.Standard_a:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfMaterial>Standard</r:TypeOfMaterial>
      <r:Citation>
        <r>Title>Reference Model for an Open
Archival Information System (OAIS): Recommended Practice CCSDS 650.0-
M-2</r>Title>
      </r:Citation>
      <r:ExternalURNReference>
        http://public.ccsds.org/publications/archive/650x0m2.pdf
      </r:ExternalURNReferenc>
      </r:Standard>
      <r:ComplianceDescription>
        <r:Content>The archive complies with the OAIS
model regarding the tracking of information from SIP through data
```

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```
processing and archival management to the creation of the AIP and
assembly of the DIP.</r:Content>
  </r:ComplianceDescription>
</r:StandardsCompliance>
</r:QualityStatement>
  <r:QualityStatement isVersionable="true" "
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:StandardsCompliance>
    <r:Standard isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.Standard_b:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfMaterial>Policy</r:TypeOfMaterial>
      <r:Citation>
        <r>Title>Univerity Of Minnesota Board Of
Regents Policy: Reserch Involving Human Subjects</r>Title>
      </r:Citation>
      <r:ExternalURNReference>
http://www1.umn.edu/regents/policies/academic/HumanSubjects.pdf
      </r:ExternalURNReferenc>
      </r:Standard>
      <r:ComplianceDescription>
        <r:Content>Policy strictly complied
to.</r:Content>
      </r:ComplianceDescription>
    </r:StandardsCompliance>
  </r:QualityStatement>
  <r:QualityStatement isVersionable="true" "
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_3:1</r:URN>
  <r:OtherQualityStatement>
    <r:Content>As data is ported from one format to
another, the following checks are made to verify the accurate transfer
of the data items. Record Count and frequency count on all data items
at the category level. A random sample of records is pulled from each
file for item by item comparison. </r:Content>
  </r: OtherQualityStatement >
  </r:QualityStatement>
</r:QualityStatementScheme>

<a:Archive isMaintainable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:Archive_1:1</r:URN>
  <a:ArchiveSpecific>
    <r:QualityStatementReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
```

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```
<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_1:1</r:URN>
<r:TypeOfObject>QualityStatement</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:QualityStatementReference>
<a:ArchiveSpecific>
</a:Archive>
```

```
<d:DataCollection isMaintainable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:DataColl_1:1</r:URN>
  <d:CollectionEvent isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:DataColl_1.CE_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:QualityStatementReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_2:1</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>QualityStatement</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:QualityStatementReference>
  </d:CollectionEvent>
</d:DataCollection>
```

```
<pi:PhysicalInstance isMaintainable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:PhysInst_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:QualityStatementReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.archive:QScheme_1.QS_3:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>QualityStatement</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:QualityStatementReference>
</pi:PhysicalInstance>
```

Data Quality

The quality of the data collected is addressed in the ProcessingEvent containing DataAppraisalInformation. This contains two common measures of data quality from survey methodology, ResponseRate and SamplingError. It also allows for the description of other quality measures in OtherAppraisalProcess. Note that ProcessingEvent also contains a QualityStatementReference. This should be used to relay information on process quality. DataAppraisalInformation is used primarily to capture the results of data appraisal measures.

DataAppraisal

ResponseRate	(0..n)
SampleSize	(0..1)
NumberOfResponses	(0..1)
SpecificResponseRate	(0..1)
r:Description	(0..1)
SamplingError	(0..n)

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OtherAppraisalProcess

(0..n)

The response rate can be repeated to express differing response rates by mode of deliver, location, etc. The individual response rates may be expressed as a total sample size with number of responses and/or as a specific response rate. The description should be used to differentiate when multiple response rates are provided. SamplingError (StructuredStringType) is intended to contain a discussion of the sampling error. It may be structured to differentiate between the statement of the error itself, how it was calculated, etc. OtherAppraisalProcess allows for the description of other measures of data appraisal as needed.

Example:

```
<d:DataAppraisal>
  <d:ResponseRate>
    <d:SampleSize>5000</d:SampleSize>
    <d:NumberOfResponses>3768</d:NumberOfResponses>
    <d:SpecificResponseRate>.7536</d:SpecificResponseRate>
  </d:ResponseRate>
  <d:SamplingError><r:Content><xhtml:b>Calculation of Standard
Errors <xhtml:br/>Totals and percentages. </xhtml:b> Tables A through
C in this chapter contain the necessary information for calculating
the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To
calculate the standard error, it is necessary to
know:<xhtml:ul><xhtml:li>The unadjusted standard error for the
characteristic (given in Table A for estimated totals or Table B for
estimated percentages) that would result under a simple random sample
design of people, housing units, households, or
families.</xhtml:li><xhtml:li>The design factor for the particular
characteristic estimated (given in Table C) based on the sample design
and estimation techniques employed to produce long form data
estimates. </xhtml:li><xhtml:li>The number of people, housing units,
households, or families in the publication area.
</xhtml:li><xhtml:li>The observed sampling rate.</xhtml:li></xhtml:ul>
The design factor is the ratio of the estimated standard error to the
standard error of a simple random sample. The design factors reflect
the effects of the actual sample design and the complex ratio
estimation procedure used for Census
2000....</r:Content><d:SamplingError>
</d:DataAppraisal>
```

4.43 - Questions – Item, Grid, and Block

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As the complexity of question structures increase, three general question structures have been identified within DDI and are addressed by the following structures: QuestionItem, QuestionGrid, and QuestionBlock. Note that all three structures reflect the reusable structure of various question types and do not relay any information on the applied use of the question within an instrument. The applied information, including question order, is captured by the ControlConstruct structures used by the Instrument. All question structures are maintained within a QuestionScheme and can be further organized for administrative purposes by QuestionGroup (a standard grouping structure available in most schemes). Only QuestionItem, QuestionGrid, and QuestionBlock may be referenced by a QuestionConstruct. A Sequence (type of ControlConstruct) is used to order questions within an instrument and is maintained separately as a reusable object. All question structures are versionable and contain a name for the question. All response domains may be described inline while a set of commonly used structures may be captured as managed representations and be reused by reference. These include Missing Values, Text, Numeric, DateTime, and Scale (see Section 4.51 for details on all value representations and response domains).

QuestionItem

Namespace: **d**

Versionable

Parent Maintainable: **QuestionScheme**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

Category

Code

Concept

Delineation

InterviewerInstruction

ManagedMissingValuesRepresentation

ManagedTextRepresentation

ManagedNumericRepresentation

ManagedDateTimeRepresentation

ManagedScaleRepresentation

QuestionItem

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Extension base: Versionable

QuestionItemName (0..n)

r:InParameter (0..n)

r:OutParameter (0..n)

r:Binding (0..n)

QuestionText (0..n)

QuestionIntent (0..1)

CHOICE (0..1)

CHOICE

ResponseDomain

ResponseDomainReference

ENDCHOICE

StructuredMixedResponseDomain

CHOICE (2..n)

ResponseText

ResponseDomainInMixed

CHOICE (1..1)

ResponseDomain

ResponseDomainReference

ENDCHOICE

AttachementLocation (0..1)

CHOICE (1..n)

r:CodeReference

r:CategoryReference

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DomainSpecificValue

r:Value (1..n)

@attachementDomain (optional)

ENDCHOICE

@attachementBase (optional)

ENDCHOICE

ENDCHOICE

ResponseCardinality (0..1)

@minimumResponses

@maximumResponses

r:ConceptReference (0..n)

ExternalAid (0..n)

CHOICE (0..n)

ExternalInterviewerInstruction

InterviewerInstructionReference

ENDCHOICE

@estimatedMinutesResponseTime (optional)

A QuestionItem is a basic question containing a QuestionIntent, the concept being measured by the question, text for the question, response domain information, clarifying instructions, external aids (clarifying objects used in presenting the question to the respondent), Input and Output Parameters and Bindings, allowed response cardinality and an estimation of the time required to respond. The QuestionText is a DynamicTextString. Note that due to the variation of content in the QuestionText that is required to illicit equivalent responses in different languages, QuestionText is repeatable. A StructuredMixedResponseDomain supports situations where a response may include more than one type of response domain. This could be the inclusion of a set of Missing Values (responses that capture

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non-response and other values to be treated as invalid during analysis), or the commonly used addition of a text response to capture specific information when the code or category response is “Other”. StructuredMixedResponse allows for the addition of text and/or another response domain to be attached to one or more values of the primary response domain as well as stacking combinations of response options with intervening text.

QuestionItem Examples:

- 1.A generic simple QuestionItem managed within a QuestionScheme (link)
- 2.A question with a StructuredMixedResponseDomain (link)

QuestionGrid

Namespace: **d**

Versionable

Parent Maintainable: **QuestionScheme**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

Category

Code

Concept

Delineation

InterviewerInstruction

ManagedMissingValuesRepresentation

ManagedTextRepresentation

ManagedNumericRepresentation

ManagedDateTimeRepresentation

ManagedScaleRepresentation

QuestionGrid

Extension base: Versionable

QuestionGridName (0..n)

r:InParameter (0..n)

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r:OutParamter	(0..n)
r:Binding	(0..n)
QuestionText	(0..n)
QuestionIntent	(0..1)
GridDimension	(0..n)
CHOICE	(1..1)
CodeDomain	
Roster	
r:Label	(0..1)
ConditionForContinuation	(0..1)
@baseCodeValue	(required)
@codeInterationValue	(required)
@minimumRequired	default="1"
@maximumAllowed	default="1"
ENDCHOICE	
@rank	(required)
@displayCode	default="true"
@displayLabel	default="true"
CHOICE	(0..1)
CHOICE	
ResponseDomain	
ResponsedomainReference	
ENDCHOICE	
StructuredMixedGridResponseDomain	

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CHOICE	(0..n)
GridResponseDomain	
CHOICE	(1..1)
ResponseDomain	
ResponseDomainReference	
ENDCHOICE	
GridAttachement	(0..n)
CHOICE	(0..n)
SpecificCellCoordinate	
CellCoordinatesAsDefined	
SelectDimension	(0..n)
@rank	(required)
@allValues	
@specificValue	
@rangeMinimum	
@rangeMaximum	
ENDCHOICE	
@allCells	default="false"
NoDataByDefinition	
ENDCHOICE	
ENDCHOICE	
CellLabel	(0..n)
Extension base: r:LabelType	
Attachement	(0..n)

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CHOICE	(0..n)
SpecificCellCoordinate	
CellCoordinatesAsDefined	
SelectDimension	(0..n)
@rank	(required)
@allValues	
@specificValue	
@rangeMinimum	
@rangeMaximum	
ENDCHOICE	
@allCells	default="false"
r:ConceptReference	(0..n)
ExternalAid	(0..n)
CHOICE	(0..n)
ExternalInterviewerInstruction	
InterviewerInstructionReference	
ENDCHOICE	
@estimatedMinutesResponseTime	(optional)

A QuestionGrid provides a multidimensional structure used to capture a complex response. In many cases these are simple structures, for example a question regarding an assessment of each of a list of candidates for political office. However, some grids are complex and capture different responses for each of a list of items. In addition, the list may be provided by the question or by the respondent (indicated by the use of a "roster" of blank text items). A QuestionGrid contains the basic elements of the QuestionItem but rather than a ResponseDomain or StructuredMixedResponseDomain contains a GridDimension that sorts one or more ResponseDomains or StructuredMixedGridResponseDomains into

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a specific dimension of the grid. The structure is similar to the NCube dimensional structure using code domain or roster rather than variables to structure the dimension, and then providing a response domain for each cell in the grid. A single ResponseDomain indicates that this is the response domain for each cell in the grid. Note that an internal cell label may be added to any cell for clarification purposes.

QuestionGrid Examples:

1. A simple QuestionGrid capturing a scale response for each of 3 candidates ([link](#))
2. A QuestionGrid using a roster to capture the categories for which responses are gathered ([link](#))
3. A complex QuestionGrid with cell labels and secondary responses for specific responses ([link](#))

QuestionBlock

Namespace: **d**

Versionable

Parent Maintainable: **QuestionScheme**

Required Referenced Objects:

Optionally Referenced Objects:

Concept

Delineation

InterviewerInstruction

QuestionItem

QuestionGrid

QuestionBlock

Extension base: Versionable

QuestionBlockName (0..n)

r:InParameter (0..n)

r:OutParamter (0..n)

r:Binding (0..n)

QuestionBlockIntent (0..1)

CHOICE (0..n)

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StimulusMaterial	
QuestionItemReference	
QuestionGridReference	
ENDCHOICE	
QuestionSequence	(0..n)
ResponseCardinality	(0..1)
@minimumResponses	
@MaximumResponses	
r:ConceptReference	(0..n)
ExternalAid	(0..n)
CHOICE	(0..n)
ExternalInterviewerInstruction	
InterviewerInstructionReference	
ENDCHOICE	
@estimatedMinutesResponseTime	(optional)

A QuestionBlock is intended to bundle together a set of questions (items and/or grids) that have meaning only in relation to a specified object expressed as the stimulus material. This form of question set is common in educational testing where a text, image, or other material is provided and the respondent is asked questions specific to the material. For example, a portion of a play script is provided and the respondent is asked question concerning the dialog and/or stage directions provided in the script. Note that the intent of QuestionBlock is NOT to bundle together a set of questions that are commonly used together or used in a specified order. A Sequence (type of control construct) is the appropriate way to manage this type of set relationship. It is assumed that one or more StimulusMaterial objects will be used. The 0..n cardinality of the CHOICE of StimulusMaterial, QuestionItemReference, and QuestionGridReference is provided simply to support the use of DDI during the development process when this piece of information may be unavailable. StimulusMaterial is part of

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this choice to allow for its insertion at any location before, after, or in the midst of the referenced Questions.

QuestionBlock contains the standard elements of QuestionItem and QuestionGrid and then structures any combination of StimulusMaterial with referenced QuestionItems and QuestionGrids. It allows for an indication of QuestionSequence (i.e., a means of declaring the sequence is important or that it can be randomized or otherwise altered).

QuestionBlock Examples:

1. A QuestionBlock organizing QuestionItems and QuestionGrids managed within a QuestionScheme. The example reflects the contents of a question block from PISA (educational test: TAKE THE TEST: SAMPLE QUESTIONS FROM OECD'S PISA ASSESSMENTS - ISBN 978-92-64-05080-8 - © OECD 2009) depicting an extract from a script, a list of technical terms, and a drawing of a stage set along with questions related to the activities and positions of actors during the play. The related category, code and delineation information is provided for clarity. ([link](#))

EXAMPLE :

```
<g:ResourcePackage isMaintainable="true" versionDate="2012-09-18"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
<r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:ResourcePkg_QBlock:1</r:URN>
  <d:QuestionScheme scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS:1</r:URN>
    <d:QuestionSchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Questions for
PISA</r:String></d:QuestionSchemeName>
    <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-
us"></r:Content></r:Description>
    <d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_1:1</r:URN>
    <d:QuestionText><d:LiteralText><d:Text>What is the extract
from the play about? The duchess thinks of a
trick</d:Text></d:LiteralText></d:QuestionText>
    <d:CodeDomain>
    <r:CodeDelineationReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>CodeDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
    </r:CodeDelineationReference>
    </d:CodeDomain>
  </d:QuestionItem>
```

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```
<d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_2:1</r:URN>
  <d:QuestionText><d:LiteralText><d:Text><xhtml:div><xhtml:p>A.
In the script of the play, in addition to the words to be spoken by
the actors, there are directions for the actors and theatre
technicians to follow.</xhtml:p><xhtml:p>B. How can these directions
be recognized in the
script?</xhtml:p></xhtml:div></d:Text></d:LiteralText></d:QuestionText
>
  <d:TextDomain>
    <r:TextDelineationReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>TextDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:TextDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
    </r:TextDelineationReference>
  </d:TextDomain>
</d:QuestionItem>
<d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_3:1</r:URN>
  <d:QuestionText><d:LiteralText><d:Text><xhtml:div><xhtml:p>The
director positions the actors on the stage. On a diagram, the director
represents Amanda with the letter A and the Duchess with the letter
D.</xhtml:p><xhtml:p>Put an A and a D on the following diagram of the
set to show approximately where Amanda and the Duchess are when the
Prince
arrives.</xhtml:p></xhtml:div></d:Text></d:LiteralText></d:QuestionTex
t>
  <d:LocationDomain>
    <r:LocationDelineationReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>LocationDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:LocationDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
    </r:LocationDelineationReference>
  </d:LocationDomain>
  <d:ExternalAid isIdentifiable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.EXT_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfMaterial>Image</r:TypeOfMaterial>

  <r:ExternalURNReference>stageimage.pdf</r:ExternalURNReference>
  </d:ExternalAid>
</d:QuestionItem>
<d:QuestionItem isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
```

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```
<r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_4:1</r:URN>
  <d:QuestionText><d:LiteralText><d:Text>Towards the end of the
extract from the play, Amanda says, "He didn't recognise me...". What
does she mean by that?</d:Text></d:LiteralText></d:QuestionText>
  <d:CodeDomain>
    <r:CodeDelineationReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>CodeDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA.Del_3:1</r:URN>
    </r:CodeDelineationReference>
  </d:CodeDomain>
</d:QuestionItem>
<d:QuestionGrid isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QG_1:1</r:URN>
  <d:QuestionText><d:LiteralText><d:Text>The table below lists
theatre technicians involved in staging this extract from Léocadia.
Complete the table by indicating one stage direction from Text 1 which
would require the involvement of each technician. The first one has
been done for you.</d:Text></d:LiteralText></d:QuestionText>
  <d:GridDimension rank="1" displayCode="false"
displayLabel="true">
    <d:CodeDomain>
      <r:CodeDelineationReference>
        <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
        <r:TypeOfObject>CodeDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
        <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA.Del_2:1</r:URN>
      </r:CodeDelineationReference>
    </d:CodeDomain>
  </d:GridDimension>
  <d:GridDimension rank="2">
    <d:Roster baseCodeValue="1" minimumRequired="1"
maximumAllowed="1" codeIterationValue="1">
      <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Stage
direction</r:Content></r:Label>
    </d:Roster>
  </d:GridDimension>
<d:StructuredMixedGridResponseDomain>
  <d:NoDataByDefinition>
  </d:NoDataByDefinition>
  <d:GridResponseDomain>
    <d:TextDomain>
      <r:TextDelineationReference>
        <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
        <r:TypeOfObject>TextDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
        <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:TextDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
      </r:TextDelineationReference>
```

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```
</d:TextDomain>
<d:Attachment>
  <d:CellCoordinatesAsDefined>
    <d>SelectDimension rank="1" rangeMinimum="2"
rangeMaximum="4"/>
    <d>SelectDimension rank="2" allValues="true"/>
  </d:CellCoordinatesAsDefined>
</d:Attachment>
</d:GridResponseDomain>
</d:StructuredMixedGridResponseDomain>
<d:CellLabel>
  <r:Content xml:lang="en-us">A circular bench around a small
obelisk</r:Content>
  <d:Attachment>
    <d:SpecificCellCoordinate>1,1</d:SpecificCellCoordinate>
  </d:Attachment>
</d:CellLabel>
</d:QuestionGrid>
<d:QuestionBlock isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QB_1:1</r:URN>
  <d:StimulusMaterial isIdentifiable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.Eval_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfMaterial>Image</r:TypeOfMaterial>

    <r:ExternalURNReference>ScriptText1.pdf</r:ExternalURNReference>
  </d:StimulusMaterial>
  <d:StimulusMaterial isIdentifiable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.Eval_2:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfMaterial>Image</r:TypeOfMaterial>

    <r:ExternalURNReference>ScriptText2.pdf</r:ExternalURNReference>
  </d:StimulusMaterial>
  <d:QuestionItemReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_1:1</r:URN>
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  <d:QuestionItemReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_QS.QI_2:1</r:URN>
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<r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
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  <r:TypeOfObject>QuestionItem</r:TypeOfObject>
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</d:QuestionItemReference>
</d:QuestionBlock>
</d:QuestionScheme>
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isMaintainable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategorySchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-
us">Trick</r:String></l:CategorySchemeName>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Attract
Prince</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">to get the Prince to
come and see her more often.</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_2:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Prince
Decision</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">to get the Prince to
make up his mind finally to get married</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_3:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Amanda
Influence</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">to get Amanda to
make the Prince forget his grief.</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
```

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```
<l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_4:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Amanda move to
castle</r:String></l:CategoryName>
  <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">to get Amanda to
come and live at the castle with her.</r:Content></r:Label>
</l:Category>
</l:CategoryScheme>
<l:CategoryScheme scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategorySchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Theatre
technicians</r:String></l:CategorySchemeName>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Set
designer</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Set
designer</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2.Cat_2:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Props
manager</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Props
manager</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
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scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Sound
technician</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Sound
technician</r:Content></r:Label>
  </l:Category>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2.Cat_4:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Lighting
technician</r:String></l:CategoryName>
```

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```
<r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Lighting
technician</r:Content></r:Label>
</l:Category>
</l:CategoryScheme>
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isMaintainable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategorySchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Amanda
intent</r:String></l:CategorySchemeName>
  <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Didn't
look</r:String></l:CategoryName>
    <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">That the Prince
didn't look at Amanda.</r:Content></r:Label>
    </l:Category>
    <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_2:1</r:URN>
      <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Didn't recognize
status</r:String></l:CategoryName>
      <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">That the Prince
didn't realise that Amanda was a shop assistant.</r:Content></r:Label>
      </l:Category>
      <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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        <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_3:1</r:URN>
        <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Didn't recognize
past meeting</r:String></l:CategoryName>
        <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">That the Prince
didn't realise that he'd already met Amanda.</r:Content></r:Label>
        </l:Category>
        <l:Category isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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          <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_4:1</r:URN>
          <l:CategoryName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Didn't see
resemblance</r:String></l:CategoryName>
          <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">That the Prince
didn't notice that Amanda looked like Léocadia.</r:Content></r:Label>
          </l:Category>
        </l:CategoryScheme>
      <l:CodeListScheme scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
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```
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<r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeS_QBlock:1</r:URN>
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PISA</r:String></l:CodeListSchemeName>
<l:CodeList scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:RecommendedDataType>Character</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:CategorySchemeReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>CategoryScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1:1</r:URN>
  </r:CategorySchemeReference>
  <l:Code isDiscrete="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isIdentifiable="true">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_1.C_1:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
    <r:Value>A</r:Value>
  </l:Code>
  <l:Code isDiscrete="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isIdentifiable="true">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_1.C_2:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_2:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
    <r:Value>B</r:Value>
  </l:Code>
  <l:Code isDiscrete="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isIdentifiable="true">
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    <l:CategoryReference>
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      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_1.Cat_3:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
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isIdentifiable="true">
```

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```
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<l:CategoryReference>
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  <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
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</l:CategoryReference>
<r:Value>D</r:Value>
</l:Code>
</l:CodeList>
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:Label><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Theatre
technicians</r:Content></r:Label>
  <r:RecommendedDataType>Integer</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:CategorySchemeReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>CategoryScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2:1</r:URN>
  </r:CategorySchemeReference>
  <l:Code isDiscrete="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isIdentifiable="true">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2.C_1:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
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      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
    <r:Value>1</r:Value>
  </l:Code>
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isIdentifiable="true">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2.C_2:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
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      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
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    </l:CategoryReference>
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  </l:Code>
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isIdentifiable="true">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2.C_3:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
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```
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<r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
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</l:CategoryReference>
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</l:Code>
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isIdentifiable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2.C_4:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategoryReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_2.Cat_4:1</r:URN>
  </l:CategoryReference>
  <r:Value>4</r:Value>
</l:Code>
</l:CodeList>
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isMaintainable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_3:1</r:URN>
  <r:RecommendedDataType>Character</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:CategorySchemeReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>CategoryScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3:1</r:URN>
  </r:CategorySchemeReference>
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isIdentifiable="true">
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    <l:CategoryReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_1:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
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  </l:Code>
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isIdentifiable="true">
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_3.C_2:1</r:URN>
    <l:CategoryReference>
      <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
      <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_2:1</r:URN>
    </l:CategoryReference>
    <r:Value>B</r:Value>
```

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```
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  <l:CategoryReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CS_PISA_3.Cat_3:1</r:URN>
  </l:CategoryReference>
  <r:Value>C</r:Value>
</l:Code>
  <l:Code isDiscrete="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isIdentifiable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_3.C_4:1</r:URN>
  <l:CategoryReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>Category</r:TypeOfObject>
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  </l:CategoryReference>
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</l:Code>
</l:CodeList>
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isMaintainable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:TextDS_PISA:1</r:URN>
  <r:TextDelineationSchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">PISA Text
Delineations</r:String></r:TextDelineationSchemeName>
  <r:TextDelineation isVersionable="true"
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    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:TextDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:TextDelineationName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">0 min to 250
max length response.</r:String></r:TextDelineationName>
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</r:TextDelineationScheme>
  <r:CodeDelineationScheme scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA:1</r:URN>
  <r:CodeDelineationSchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">PISA Code
Delineations</r:String></r:CodeDelineationSchemeName>
  <r:CodeDelineation isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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```

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```
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List</r:String></r:CodeDelineationName>
  <r:CodeListReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>CodeList</r:TypeOfObject>
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  </r:CodeListReference>
</r:CodeDelineation>
<r:CodeDelineation isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA.Del_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:CodeDelineationName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Theatre
Technicians</r:String></r:CodeDelineationName>
  <r:CodeListReference>
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    <r:TypeOfObject>CodeList</r:TypeOfObject>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PISA_CL_2:1</r:URN>
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scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
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  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CodeDS_PISA.Del_3:1</r:URN>
  <r:CodeDelineationName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Amanda
Intent</r:String></r:CodeDelineationName>
  <r:CodeListReference>
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:TypeOfObject>CodeList</r:TypeOfObject>
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</r:CodeDelineationScheme>
<r:LocationDelineationScheme scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable"
isMaintainable="true">
  <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:LocationDS_PISA:1</r:URN>
  <r:LocationDelineationSchemeName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">PISA
Location Delineations</r:String></r:LocationDelineationSchemeName>
  <r:LocationDelineation isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
    <r:TypeOfIdentifier>Canonical</r:TypeOfIdentifier>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:LocationDS_PISA.Del_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:LocationDelineationName><r:String xml:lang="en-us">Stage
Directions - Amanda and the
Duchess</r:String></r:LocationDelineationName>
    <r:Object>Image</r:Object>
    <r>Action>
      <r:RegionOfAction>
```

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```
<r:ImageArea>
  <r:Shape>Rectangle</r:Shape>
  <r:Coordinates>[define the coordinate points of the
response area]</r:Coordinates>
</r:ImageArea>
</r:RegionOfAction>
<r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Place the letter
A within the defined Image Area</r:Content></r:Description>
</r:Action>
<r:Action>
  <r:RegionOfAction>
    <r:ImageArea>
      <r:Shape>Rectangle</r:Shape>
      <r:Coordinates>[define the coordinate points of the
response area]</r:Coordinates>
    </r:ImageArea>
  </r:RegionOfAction>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en-us">Place the letter
D within the defined Image Area</r:Content></r:Description>
</r:Action>
</r:LocationDelineation>
</r:LocationDelineationScheme>
</g:ResourcePackage>
```

4.43 - Record Layout

4.44 - Represented Variable

A scheme of reusable Represented Variables was added to Logical Product in order to better support ISO/IEC 11179 by the maintenance and reuse of the basic components of variables. It is analogous to the GSIM Represented Variable. A Represented Variable consists of a reference to a Conceptual Variable or to a Concept and Universe (the components of a Conceptual Variable) plus a definition of its representation expressed as a Category Scheme or a Value Representation. This limited structure makes the DDI Represented Variable more generic than the full ISO/IEC 11179 model as it does not include a Represented Variable example, derivation, or derivation rule. Enumerated values are expressed by reference to a Category Scheme or by use of a Code Representation (which contains references to the associated categories). Non-enumerated values may be described broadly or as specifically as supported by the Value Representation structure.

Represented Variables are managed within a Represented Variable Scheme containing all of the common Scheme structures including a Represented Variable Group which allows for associating a group of Represented Variables with a specific Concept or Universe and/or a set of Subjects and

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Keywords. As with other Groups of objects within Schemes, the Represented Variable Group can be typed and represent order and un-ordered lists or hierarchies.

```
RepresentedVariable
  Extension base: VersionableType
  RepresentedVariableName          (0..n)
  r:Label                          (0..n)
  r:Description                    (0..1)
  r:UniverseReference             (0..1)
  CHOICE
    r:ConceptualVariableReference (0..1)
  SEQUENCE
    r:UniverseReference           (0..1)
    r:ConceptReference           (0..1)
  ENDSEQUENCE
  ENDCHOICE
  CHOICE                          (0..1)
    r:CategorySchemeReference
    r:ValueRepresentation
    r:ValueRepresentationReference
  ENDCHOICE
```

While a Represented Variable by definition requires a Universe (Object), Concept, and Representation (Value Domain) these are optional in DDI to support production work during which all references may not be available. Note that when referenced by a Variable, the Variable may further constrain the Concept, Universe, and Value Representation. For example: The Concept of Age to a subordinate concept of Physiological Age; Universe of Persons to Persons residing within Luxembourg; and Numeric Representation of single year increments to top coding of 99.

EXAMPLE 1: <link to text file>

Example 1 shows a Represented Variable using references to a Concept, Universe, and Category Scheme. Note that the if there is a Conceptual Variable containing links to the same Concept and Universe that these two references in the Represented Variable may be replaced by a reference to the Conceptual Variable. The DDI Represented Variable is built using a set of references to a previously defined Universe, Concept and optional Category Scheme. The Universe references should reflect the broadest universe applicable, i.e., Persons. If the Concept is represented by a set of categories expressed by a CategoryScheme the scheme may be referenced.

EXAMPLE 2: <link to text file>

The Represented Variable is a conceptual model of the combination of a concept linked to a specific universe or object that is represented in a particular way. A Variable is the applied use of a Represented Variable where the universe may be further refined and the exact parameters of the representation are defined in greater detail. The DDI Represented Variable reflects the structure of the ISO/IEC 11179 Data

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Element. Note that the Value Representation of the Represented Variable may be broadly defined. The exact details and/or content restrictions for the representation may be added when referenced by a Variable used within a specific application. The example below shows a Represented Variable and two Variables which reference it within different contexts.

[move examples to text file with link]

EXAMPLE 1:

```
<l:RepresentedVariable isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:DE_1:1</r:URN>
  <l:RepresentedVariableName><r:String xml:lang="en">Household
Type</r:String></l:RepresentedVariableName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Household
Type</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Defines the type of
household in terms of Non-Family and Family
components</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:UniverseReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Households:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Universe</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:UniverseReference>
  <r:ConceptReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:HouseholdType:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Concept</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:ConceptReference>
  <r:CategorySchemeReference isReference="true isExternal="false"
lateBound="false">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatS_HouseholdType:1</r:UR
N>
  <r:TypeOfObject>CategoryScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:CategorySchemeReference>
</l:RepresentedVariable>
```

Example 2:

```
<l:RepresentedVariable isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:DE_Age:1</r:URN>
```

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```
<l:RepresentedVariableName><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of
Person</r:String></c:DataElementName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of Person in
Years</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Age of Person expressed
as a measure of the number of years of age</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:UniverseReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Univ_Persons:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Universe</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:UniverseReference>
  <r:ConceptReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Concept_Age:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Concept</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:ConceptReference>
  <r:NumericRepresentation interval="1" decimalPositions="0"
classificationLevel="Interval">
    <r:NumberTypeCode>Integer</r:NumberTypeCode>
  </r:NumericRepresentation>
</l:RepresentedVariable>
```

```
<l:Variable isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_Age:1</r:URN>
  <l:VariableName><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of
Person</r:String></l:VariableName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of Person in
Years</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Age of Person in the
United States expressed as a measure of the number of years of age 0
to 100 with topcode of 100 being "100 or
over"</r:Content></r:Description>
  <l:RepresentedVariableReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:DE_Age:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>RepresentedVariable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </l:RepresentedVariableReference>
  <r:UniverseReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:Univ_PersonsInUS:1.0</r:URN>    <!--
Limited to Persons in US -->
    <r:TypeOfObject>Universe</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:UniverseReference>
```

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```
<r:ConceptReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Concept_Age:1.0</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>Concept</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:ConceptReference>
<l:VariableRepresentation>
  <l:MeasurementUnit>Years</l:MeasurementUnit>
  <r:NumericRepresentationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Num_1_100_top:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>ManagedNumericRepresentation</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:NumericRepresentationReference>
  </l:VariableRepresentation>
</l:Variable>

<l:Variable isVersionable="true" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Var_Age_13_19:1</r:URN>
  <l:VariableName><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of
Teenager</r:String></l:VariableName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Age of Person 13 to 19 years of
age in Years</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Age of a Teenage Person
expressed as a measure of the number of years of age 13 to
19</r:Content></r:Description>
  <l:DataElementReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:DE_Age:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>RepresentedVariable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </l:DataElementReference>
  <r:UniverseReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Univ_Persons_Age_13_19:1.0
</r:URN>    <!-- Limited to Teenagers -->
    <r:TypeOfObject>Universe</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:UniverseReference>
  <r:ConceptReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Concept_Age:1.0</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Concept</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:ConceptReference>
</l:VariableRepresentation>
```

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```
<l:MeasurementUnit>Years</l:MeasurementUnit>
<r:NumericRepresentation classificationLevel="interval">
  <r:RecommendedDataType>Integer</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:NumericDelineationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
    <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:Num_13_19:1.0</r:URN>

  <r:TypeOfObject>NumericDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:NumericDelineationReference>
  </r:NumericRepresentation>
</l:VariableRepresentation>
</l:Variable>
```

4.45 - Resource Package

4.46 - Series Statement

4.47 - Software

4.48 - Statistical Summary

StatisticalSummary provides a set of summary statistics calculated for the variables in a data set and is located in PhysicalInstance as it reflects the contents of a specific data file. The summary statistics may be provided in one of three ways; in-line using the VariableStatistics, by referencing a related PhysicalInstance containing the VariableStatistics for the same data file content, or by referencing a related PhysicalInstance for a data file that contains the summary statistics as a separate object set. The second two options use the structure StatisticalDataLocation which is a reference to the PhysicalInstance plus a Boolean attribute "isInline". If set to "true" this indicates that the summary statistics are contained in the data file associated with the referenced PhysicalInstance.

VariableStatistics supports the following information for any variable: the total responses, a choice of weights applied when calculating the summary statistics, identification of missing values, the summary statistics for the variable, and category statistics with an optional filter. Category statistics may be filtered by a single variable (i.e., filtering the category statistics in a multinational data file by country) using FilteredCategoryStatistics. Expressing statistics that require the use of multiple filters should be handled as a cross-tabulation and captured in an NCube structure.

Note that while a number of statistical summaries may be included within a single VariableStatistics object, you cannot use more than a single weight (either a standard weight or a weight variable). However you are able to provide both weighted and unweighted values for each statistic. If a complex weighting structure is used based on multiple weights, a virtual variable should be created that

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expresses the combined use of the weights involved. The virtual variable would reference a generation instruction containing the process.

```

StatisticalSummaryType
  StatisticalDataLocation (0..n)
    r:PhysicalInstanceReference (1..1)
    @isInline
  VariableStatistics (0..n)
    Extension base: Identifiable
    VariableReference (1..1)
    TotalResponses (0..1)
    CHOICE (0..1)
      StandardWeightReference
      WeightVariableReference
    ENDCHOICE
    MissingValuesReference (0..1)
    SummaryStatistic (0..n)
      TypeOfStatistic (1..1)
      Statistic (0..1)
        @isWeighted
        @computationBase
    UnfilteredCategoryStatistics (0..n)
      VariableCategory (0..n)
      CategoryValue (1..1)
      CategoryStatistic (0..n)
        TypeOfCategoryStatistic (1..1)
        Statistic (0..1)
          @isWeighted
          @computationBase
    FilteredCategoryStatistics (0..n)
      FilterVariableReference (0..1)
      FilterVariableCategory (0..n)
      FilterCategoryValue (1..1)
      VariableCategory (0..n)
      CategoryValue (1..1)
      CategoryStatistic (0..n)
        TypeOfCategoryStatistic (1..1)
        Statistic (0..1)
          @isWeighted
          @computationBase
  
```

The example is for the following summary and category statistics. The general contents of the referenced items are provided.

Summary Statistics		Standard Weight
V1	count = 100	ID=SW
	weighted count = 1000	Value = 10

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Unfiltered Category Statistics				Variable Gender	
	wtCount	weighted %		ID=V1	
Male	450	0.45		1=Male	
Female	550	0.55		2=Female	
V2	count = 100				
	weighted count = 1000				
Unfiltered Category Statistics				Variable Region	
	wtCount	weighted %		ID=V2	
North	500	0.5		a=North	
South	500	0.5		b=South	
Gender (V1) Filtered by Region (V2)					
	North		South		
	count	col %	count	col %	
Male	20	0.4	25	0.5	
Female	30	0.6	25	0.5	

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EXAMPLE:

```
<StatisticalSummary>
  <VariableStatistics isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:VariableReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:V1:1</URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:VariableReference>
  <StandardWeightReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:SW:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>StandardWeight</r:TypeOfObject>
  </StandardWeightReference>
  <MissingValuesReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MV_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>MissingValuesDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
  </MissingValuesReference>
  <TotalResponses>100</TotalResponses>
  <SummaryStatistic>
    <TypeOfSummaryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfSummaryStatistic>

    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">1000</Statistic>
  </SummaryStatistic>
  <UnfilteredCategoryStatistics>
    <VariableCategory>
      <CategoryValue>1</CategoryValue>
      <CategoryStatistic>

        <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
          <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">450</Statistic>
        </CategoryStatistic>
      </CategoryStatistic>

    <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>weightedPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
      <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.45</Statistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>
  </VariableCategory>
  <VariableCategory>
    <CategoryValue>2</CategoryValue>
    <CategoryStatistic>

      <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
        <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">550</Statistic>
      </CategoryStatistic>
```

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```
<CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>weightedPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.55</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</VariableCategory>
</UnfilteredCategoryStatistics>
<FilteredCategoryStatistics>
  <FilterVariableReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:V2:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </FilterVariableReference>
  <FilterVariableCategory>
    <FilterCategoryValue>a</FilterCategoryValue>
    <VariableCategory>
      <CategoryValue>1</CategoryValue>
      <CategoryStatistic>
        <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>Count</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
        <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">20</Statistic>
      </CategoryStatistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>colPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.4</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</VariableCategory>
<VariableCategory>
  <CategoryValue>2</CategoryValue>
  <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>Count</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">30</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
  <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>colPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.6</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</VariableCategory>
</FilterVariableCategory>
<FilterVariableCategory>
  <FilterCategoryValue>b</FilterCategoryValue>
  <VariableCategory>
    <CategoryValue>1</CategoryValue>
```

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```
<CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>Count</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">25</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>colPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.5</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</VariableCategory>
<VariableCategory>
  <CategoryValue>2</CategoryValue>
</CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>Count</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">25</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>colPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.5</Statistic>
  </CategoryStatistic>
</VariableCategory>
</FilterVariableCategory>
</FilteredCategoryStatistics>
</VariableStatistics>
<VariableStatistics isIdentifiable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:VS_2:1</r:URN>
  <r:VariableReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:V2:1</URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>Variable</r:TypeOfObject>
  </r:VariableReference>
  <StandardWeightReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:SW:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>StandardWeight</r:TypeOfObject>
  </StandardWeightReference>
  <MissingValuesReference>
    <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MV_1:1</r:URN>
    <r:TypeOfObject>MissingValuesDelineation</r:TypeOfObject>
  </MissingValuesReference>
  <TotalResponses>100</TotalResponses>
</SummaryStatistic>
```

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```
<TypeOfSummaryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfSummaryStatistic>

  <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">1000</Statistic>
  </SummaryStatistic>
  <UnfilteredCategoryStatistics>
    <VariableCategory>
      <CategoryValue>a</CategoryValue>
      <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">500</Statistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>
    <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>weightedPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.50</Statistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>
  </VariableCategory>
  <VariableCategory>
    <CategoryValue>b</CategoryValue>
    <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>wtCount</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">500</Statistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>
    <CategoryStatistic>

  <TypeOfCategoryStatistic>weightedPct</TypeOfCategoryStatistic>
    <Statistic isWeighted="true"
computationBase="validOnly">0.50</Statistic>
    </CategoryStatistic>
  </VariableCategory>
  </UnfilteredCategoryStatistics>
</VariableStatistics>
</StatisticalSummary>
```

4.49 - Study Unit

4.51 – Variable Value Representation and Question Response Domain

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Representations describe the structure and content of data as it is captured from the population and held within a data file. They share common category schemes and code list as well as the means of defining numeric ranges and text content. DDI begins by defining the core descriptive content for a wide range of representations and then adds a set of common objects used by all Value Representations (Variables) or Response Domains (Questions) in their applied use. A number of these representations also have a Managed version which allows a single description of a Representation to be reused within and between studies. Some Representations reference reusable structures (Category Schemes, Code Lists, etc.) and are already reusable. Others such as Numeric Representations have a Managed Representation contained in a ManagedRepresentationScheme located in Logical Product. This Scheme contains all forms of Managed Representations and supports the standard Scheme organizational objects that allow for grouping and classification according to Subjects, Keywords, Concept, and Universe.

This section describes the types of Representation available for use along with the added content for use as a Value Representation or Response Domain. This is followed by a full description each Representation Base type and a description of Managed Representation types. Note that wherever the substitution base ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain is used there is also an option for a ValueRepresentationReference or ResponseDomainReference. Only Representations containing managed content (ManagedRepresentation types, CategoryScheme, CodeList, GeographicStructureCode, and GeographicLocationCode) can be mapped for comparison purposes. This excludes most Representation types that are used solely as Response Domains.

ValueRepresentation and ResponseDomain are the applied uses of Representations.

ValueRepresentation (abstract)

ValueRepresentation serves as the abstract head of a substitution group ValueRepresentation. Any member of the substitution group can be used as a substitution for r:ValueRepresentation wherever it occurs. All members of this group use r:RepresentationType as their extension base thereby providing a standard set of objects for each ValueRepresentation.

```
RepresentationType
  RecommendedDataType (0..1)
  GenericOutputFormat (0..1)
  ContentDateOffset (0..1)
  @missingValue optional
  @blankIsMissingValue optional
  @classificationLevel optional
  [Nominal|Ordinal|Interval|Ratio|Continuous]
```

All ValueRepresentations contain a base set of objects describing its applied use. The RecommendedDataType is of type CodeValue and should contain a value reflecting a data type value (recommended: W3C XML Schema Part 2, but excluding string sub-types, QName, and NOTATION). The actual data type of the stored data content may vary (for example be of a broader type), but the

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purpose of this element is to capture the data type intended by the originator of the data. Likewise `GenericOutputFormat` allows the originator to provide guidance regarding the displayed format of the variable content. `ContentDateOffset` provides an alternate referent date for the variable content. For example, in a population survey the data may generally be collected for a particular date but some items such as the response to “Where did you live 5 years ago?” refers to a negative offset of 5 years from the general referent date. The attribute `classificationLevel` allows for definition of the variable content as Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio, or Continuous in nature.

Note that the two attributes `@missingValue` and `@blankIsMissingValue` have been retained from DDI 3.1 to support users for whom the shift to the new separation of missing (invalid) values from valid values would be problematic. Best practice strongly encourages the use of the separate `MissingValueRepresentation` to differentiate valid from invalid values.

ValueRepresentation substitutions

All value representation substitutions contain the basic `ValueRepresentation` objects plus a reference to one or more of the specific delineation of the same type. Note that if multiple representations are referenced they must not have duplicated values. These include:

- `CodeRepresentation`
- `DateTimeRepresentation`
- `GeographicLocationRepresentation`
- `GeographicStructureRepresentation`
- `NumericRepresentation`
- `TextRepresentation`

Within a `Variable` the representation of missing values is handled separately as a direct reference to a `MissingValuesDelineation` structure. This may also be declared as a default `MissingValues` within a `LogicalRecord` or within a `PhysicalInstance`.

ResponseDomain (abstract)

`Response Domain` serves as an abstract head of the substitution group `Response Domain`. Any member of the substitution group can be used as a substitution for `d:ResponseDomain` wherever it occurs. All members of this group use a specified `Representation Base Type` (ex. `NumericRepresentationBaseType`) as their extension base thereby providing the same set of content as contained in related `Value Representation`. All members of the substitution group `ResponseDomain` also provide the following objects.

```
r:Label (0..n)
r:Description (0..1)
r:OutParameter (0..1)
r:ResponseCardinality (0..1)
```

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```
@maxResponses  
@minResponses  
r:ContentDateOffset (0..1)
```

All Response Domains can designate the intended cardinality of responses as a statement of minimum and maximum number of allowed responses. The OutParameter provides an ID for the response (or response array) so that it can be bound to the InParameter of an instruction or command (see Input/Output Parameters and Command Code for usage details). ContentDateOffset provides an alternate referent date for the question response content.

ResponseDomain substitutions

All response domain substitutions contain the basic ResponseDomain objects plus the contents of one of the specific Representation Base of the same type. Note that when using multiple domains in the StructuredMixedResponseDomain the multiple domains must not have duplicated values. Available Response Domains include:

- CategoryDomain
- CodeDomain
- DateTimeDomain
- DistributionDomain
- GeographicDomain
- GeographicStructureDomain
- GeographicLocationDomain
- LocationDomain
- MissingValuesDomain
- NominalDomain
- NumericDomain
- RankingDomain
- ScaleDomain
- TextDomain

Representation Base Types

A range of Representation Base Types are available. Each type is described as a specified Representation Base Type. All of these have related specific Response Domains, but not all have specific Value Representations. This reflects the way that the data captured by a question is represented within a data set. For example, a question may ask for a check mark to be made next to a category value which is later coded to a value which represents the category such as, M=Male. The ValueRepresentation would use the CodeRepresentation to define the valid values entered in the data file. The following list of Representation Base Types defines the usage options for each type:

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Representation Base Types

Usage options

CodeRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
DateTimeRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
GeographicLocationCodeRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
NumericRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
TextRepresentationBaseType	ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain
CategoryRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
DistributionRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
GeographicRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
LocationRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
NominalRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
RankingRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
ScaleRepresentationBaseType	ResponseDomain only
MissingValuesRepresentationBaseType	MissingValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain

Note that all Representation Base Types are never used directly (i.e. there is no “CodeRepresentationBase” but a “CodeRepresentation” of type “CodeRepresentationBaseType”). All Representation Base Types have an extension base of Representation Type and therefore all contain the following objects preceding any specific content:

RecommendedDataType (0..1)
GenericOutputFormat (0..1)

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ContentDateOffset (0..1)
@missingValue optional
@blankIsMissingValue optional
@classificationLevel optional
[Nominal|Ordinal|Interval|Ratio|Continuous]

CodeRepresentationBase

Defines a CodeRepresentation by referencing a CodeList and describing the valid code subset used. For example, the complete CodeList, a specified level or range, or only the most discrete codes in the list.

```
CodeRepresentation
  Extension base: RepresentationType
  CodeListReference (0..1)
  CodeSubsetInformation (0..1)
    IncludedLevel (0..n)
    IncludedCode (0..1)
      CodeReference (0..n)
      Range (0..n)
        RangeUnit (0..1)
        MinimumValue (0..1)
        MaximumValue (0..1)
  DataExistence (0..1)
    CHOICE (1..1)
      LevelNumber
      DiscreteCategory fixed="true"
    ENDCHOICE
```

References the CodeList used by the Representation and defines the portion of the CodeList used by the CodeSubsetInformation. CodeSubsetInformation allows for the specification of a level number from the CodeList to be included in the RepresentationBase, included codes defined as a range, or the specification of the just the most discrete data codes. The Range specifies the unit of the range specification as well as a minimum and maximum value. Note that these values use an extended form of Value which allows for the declaration of significant leading or trailing white space within the value as well as an attribute noting if the value is inclusive (i.e., included as a valid value in the range specification). DataExistence is specified by the lowest level number for regular hierarchies or by selecting those Code items with the attribute isDiscrete="true" from the CodeList for irregular hierarchies.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:CodeRepresentation classificationLevel="Nominal">
  <r:RecommendedDataType>String</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:CodeListReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:SIC:1.0</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>CodeList</r:TypeOfObject>
```

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```
</r:CodeListReference>
<r:CodeSubsetInformation>
  <r:DataExistence>
    <r:DiscreteCategory>true</r:DiscreteCategory>
  </r:DataExistence>
</r:CodeSubsetInformation>
</r:CodeRepresentationBase>
```

DateTimeRepresentation

Defines a DateTimeRepresentation by prescribing its structure and content coverage.

```
DateTimeRepresentation
  Extension base: RepresentationType
  DateTimeFieldFormat (0..1)
  DateTimeCode (1..1)
```

The DateTimeFieldFormat is a CodeValue which describes the format of the date field, in formats such as YYYY/MM or MM-DD-YY, etc. If this element is omitted, then the format is assumed to be the XML Schema format corresponding to the type attribute value. The use of an external controlled vocabulary is strongly recommended. The DateTimeCode is a CodeValue and is required. This is a standard XML date type code for example date, dateTime, gYearMonth, gYear, and duration. The use of an external controlled vocabulary is strongly recommended.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:DateTimeRepresentation>
  <r:DateFieldFormat>MM/YYYY</r:DateFieldFormat>
  <r:DateTypeCode>gYearMonth</r:DateTypeCode>
</r:DateTimeRepresentationBase>
```

GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation

This Representation allows for the direct use of the contents of a Geographic Location Value as a GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation or a GeographicLocationCodeDomain. This relieves the user of creating a secondary Code List reflecting the same information and retains contextual information in the use of Geographic Locations as response domains or representations. References the GeographicLocation used, identifies which code is being used based on the AuthorizationSouce and allows specifying which codes to exclude from a set, similar to specific object exclusion from a Scheme Reference.

```
GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation
  Extension base: RepresentationType
  IncludedGeographicLocationCodes (0..1)
```

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AuthorizedSourceReference	(0..1)
GeographicLocationReference	(0..1)
ExcludedLocationValueReference	(0..n)
LimitedCodeSegmentCaptured	(0..n)
Description	(0..1)
@arrayBase	required [0 1]
@startPosition	required
@length	required

Note that the Representation references a single location type. The use of the Representation as a response domain or value representation may include the complete code or a component segment of the complete code. When used for a Response Domain if the full unique hierarchical string (i.e. State—County—Tract) is being collected as a single object then a single Representation can be used. However, if the captured data will be stored as separate variables use a StructuredMixedResponseDomain in a Question using one GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation for each segment of the complete code.

GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation provides a LimitedCodeSegmentCapture which is used to identify the segment of a Geographic Location Code which is captured in this domain. For example, a County's unique location code may be a composite of a State code (2 characters) + County code (3 characters). LimitedCodeSegmentCapture provides a description of the code segment captured in the response and specifies it through the following attributes: arrayBase (clarifying the array based used when determining the start position in the code), startPosition (the first character of the captured code), and the length (the number of characters making up the captured code). Using the above example this would be expressed as:

```
<LimitedCodeSegmentCapture arrayBase="1" startPosition="3"
length="3">
  <Description><Content xml:lang="eng">Unique code is a
  composite of a 2 character State code and 3 character
  Country code. This response domain captures ONLY the county
  code portion of the unique code</Content></Description>
</LimitedCodeSegmentCapture>
```

GeographicLocationRepresentation also provides a LimitedCodeSegmentCapture which is used to identify the segment of a Geographic Location Code which is captured in this domain. See Response Domain section above for description of its use.

Example 1: <link to text>

This shows a GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation that contains the full required code for the unique identification of a county, both State and County codes. If the example also contained the LimitedCodeSegmentCapture described above the ValueRepresentation or ResponseDomain using this description would capture ONLY the 3 character County Code portion of the unique string. It would have to be paired with a State code in order to uniquely identify the County.

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EXAMPLE 1: (externalize to text)

```
<r:GeographicLocationCodeRepresentation>
  <r:RecommendedDataType>String</r:RecommendedDataType>
  <r:IncludedGeographicLocationCodes>
    <r:AuthorizedSourceReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false">
      <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:FIPS:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>AuthorizedSource</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:AuthorizedSourceReference>
    <r:GeographicLocationReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
      <r:URN typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:CNTY:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>GeographicLocation</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:GeographicLocationReference>
    <r:ExcludedLocationValueReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
      <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:ALASKA_CNTY:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>LocationValue</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:ExcludedLocationValueReference>
    <r:ExcludedLocationValueReference isReference="true"
isExternal="true" lateBound="false">
      <r:URN
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">urn:ddi:us.mpc:HAWAII_CNTY:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>LocationValue</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:ExcludedLocationValueReference>
  </r:IncludedGeographicLocationCodes>
</r:GeographicLocationCodeRepresentationBase>
```

GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBase

RepresentationBase for the direct use of a GeographicStructureCode as a GeographicStructureRepresentation or GeographicStructureDomain. This relieves the user of creating a secondary Code List reflecting the same information and retains contextual information in the use of Geographic Structures as response domains or representations. References the GeographicStructure used, identifies which code is being used based on the AuthorizationSouce and allows specifying which codes to exclude from a set, similar to specific object exclusion from a Scheme Reference.

```
GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBaseName (0..n)
  Label (0..n)
  Description (0..1)
  IncludedGeographicStructureCodes (0..1)
    AuthorizedSourceReference (0..1)
    GeographicStructureReference (0..1)
```

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ExcludedGeographicLevelReference (0..n)

Note that a single value representation or response domain can contain only a single code set for the structure which is identified by its Authorization Source. If a single agency manages several code types they should be clearly differentiated with separate Authorization Source identifiers (i.e., specified down to the specific coding list).

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GLocDel:2</r:URN>
  <r:GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBaseName><r:String
  xml:lang="en">US Geographic Structure
  Codes</r:String></r:GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">US Geographic Structure Codes from
  the 1990 U.S. Census</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Contains geographic
  structure codes used by the U.S. Census Bureau in compiling the 1990
  Census of Population and Housing. Includes only US, State and County
  level structures. Excludes Regions and
  Divisions.</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:IncludedGeographicStructureCodes>
    <r:AuthorizedSourceReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
    lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:US_Census:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>AuthorizedSource</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:AuthorizedSourceReference>
    <r:GeographicStructureReference isReference="true"
    isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:US_1990:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>GeographicStructure</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:GeographicStructureReference>
    <r:ExcludedGeographicLevelReference isReference="true"
    isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:REGION:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>GeographicLevel</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:ExcludedGeographicLevelReference>
    <r:ExcludedGeographicLevelReference isReference="true"
    isExternal="true" lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
      <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:DIVISION:1.0</r:URN>
      <r:TypeOfObject>GeographicLevel</r:TypeOfObject>
    </r:ExcludedGeographicLevelReference>
  </r:IncludedGeographicStructureCodes>
</r:GeographicStructureCodeRepresentationBase>
```

NumericRepresentationBase

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Defines a NumericRepresentationBase by describing the valid numeric range, expressing top or bottom codes, and the valid type for the content.

```
NumericRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  NumericRepresentationBaseName      (0..n)
  Label                              (0..n)
  Description                         (0..1)
  NumericRange                       (0..1)
  NumericTypeCode                    (1..1)
```

Provides the valid numeric range in terms of a High and Low number, TopCode or Bottom code, as well as constraining the content through use of a controlled vocabulary. The NumericTypeCode provides definition of the W3C XML numeric type such as integer, decimal, etc.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:NumericRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
  typeIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" scale="1"
  decimalPostions="0" interval="1">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NumRange_1_10:1</r:URN>
  <r:NumericRepresentationBaseName><r:String xml:lang="en">Range 1-
  10+</r:String></r:NumericRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Number Range covering 1 through 10
  plus</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Defines the allowed content
  for a number range of 1 - 10 where 10 is topcoded to imply 10 or
  more</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:NumberRange>
    <r:Low isInclusive="true">1</r:Low>
    <r:High isInclusive="true">10</r:High>
    <r:TopCode>10</r:TopCode>
  </r:NumberRange>
  <r:NumericTypeCode>Integer</r:NumericTypeCode>
</r:NumericRepresentationBase>
```

TextRepresentationBase

Defines a TextRepresentationBase used by a TextRepresentation or TextDomain, describing the maximum and minimum length of the text string, and providing a regular expression to further constrain the content.

```
TextRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  TextRepresentationBaseName      (0..n)
  Label                              (0..n)
  Description                         (0..1)
```

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@maxLength	optional
@minLength	optional
@regExp	optional

Text allows for the definition of a minimum and maximum length of the text object as well as constraining the allowed content through use of a regular expression.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:TextRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" typeIdentifier="Canonical" minLength="5"
maxLength="5" regExp="[0-9]{5}">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.icpsr:TD_1.1</r:URN>
  <r:TextRepresentationBaseName isPreferred="true"><r:String
xml:lang="en">ZIPCode</r:String></r:TextRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">United States 5-digit ZIP
Code</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content isPlain="true" xml:lang="en">The base 5-
digit ZIP Code used by the United States Postal Service for mail
delivery.</r:Content></r:Description>
</r:TextRepresentationBase>
```

CategoryRepresentationBase

Defines a CategoryRepresentationBase by specifying the Category Scheme used.

```
CategoryRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  CategoryRepresentationBaseName (0..n)
  Label (0..n)
  Description (0..1)
  CategorySchemeReference (0..1)
```

References a CategoryScheme allowing for the exclusion of any specified object within the scheme.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:CategoryRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PresCandidates:2</r:URN>
  <r:CategoryRepresentationBaseName><r:String
xml:lang="en">Presidential Candidates
2000</r:String></r:CategoryRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">U.S. Presidential Candidates
2000</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Includes all candidates for
the office of US President listed on any ballot in the United States
in the 2000 National Election.</r:Content></r:Description>
```

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```
<r:CategorySchemeReference isReference="true" isExternal="true"
lateBound="false" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:PRES2000:1.0</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>CategorySchemeReference</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:CategorySchemeReferenceReference>
</r:CategoryRepresentationBase>
```

DistributionRepresentationBase

Defines a distribution structure used as a response domain, indicating the total amount to be distributed among the response objects.

```
DistributionRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  DistributionRepresentationBaseName (0..n)
  Label (0..n)
  Description (0..1)
  DistributionValue (1..1)
  @decimalPositions
```

The DistributionValue provides the total value (xs:decimal) to be distributed among the response objects. The decimalPositions attribute clarifies the level of detail allowed in terms of the number of decimals accepted within a response.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:DistributionRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
decimalPositions="1">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:DistDel_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:DistributionRepresentationBaseName><r:String
xml:lang="en">Distribution
100</r:String></r:DistributionRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">100%
Distribution</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Distribute percentage of
total over the allowed items with a .1
precesion.</r:Content></r:Description>
  <r:DistributionValue>100</r:DistributionValue>
</r:DistributionRepresentationBase>
```

GeographicRepresentationBase

A specialized RepresentationBase that contains the basic information required to collect geographic information from a GIS or similar system. Provides default values as well as fields to capture case specific deviations from the default.

```
GeographicRepresentationBase
```

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Extension base:	VersionableType	
GeographicRepresentationBaseName		(0..n)
Label		(0..n)
Description		(0..1)
Datum		(1..1)
CoordinateSystem		(1..1)
CoordinateZone		(1..1)
CoordinateSource		(1..1)
ErrorCorrection		(1..1)
Offset		(1..1)
GeoreferenceObject		(1..1)
AddressMatchType		(0..1)
CoordinatePairs		(1..n)
AlternateOffset		(0..1)
AlternateObject		(0..1)
AlternateCoordinateSystem		(0..1)
@pointFormat		required
@spatialPrimitive		required
		(Point Polygon Line LinearRing)

The following objects define the default values defined for the response domain: Datum identifies the geographic datum type of the object (recommend use of controlled vocabulary), CoordinateSystem identifies the coordinate system used by the response domain, CoordinateZone specifies the geographic coordinate zone used, the source of the coordinate reading is supplied in CoordinateSource, the standard offset is given in Offset, and the object used for identifying the point of the coordinate being collected is listed in the GeoreferenceObject (i.e., front door or centroid). If an address match is used AddressMatchType specifies the type of matching used. CoordinatePairs provides the capture structure for the case content. The attributes pointFormat and spatial primitive specify the format structure of the point and the spatial type being captured (Point, Polygon, Line, or Linear Ring). AlternateOffset, AlternateObject, and AlternateCoordinateSystem provide capture points for case specific information when the default values are not used.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:GeographicRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
  pointFormat="DecimalDegrees" spatialPrimitive="point">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:GPS_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:CategoryRepresentationBaseName><r:String xml:lang="en">GPS Front
  Door</r:String></r:GeographicRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">GPS for Front Door
  Positioning</r:String></r:Label>
  <r>Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">A standard collection set
  for GPS positions taken at the front door in the United
  States.</r:Content></r>Description>
  <r:Datum>NAD83</r:Datum>
  <r:CoordinateSystem>SPCS</r:CoordinateSystem>
```

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```
<r:CoordinateZone>2203</r:CoordinateZone>
--> <r>ErrorCorrection></r>ErrorCorrection>
<r:Offset>0</r:Offset>
<r:GeoreferencedObject>Residential Front
Door</r:GeoreferencedObject>
<r:CoordinatePairs isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" maxArray="2" arraySeparator="|">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CoordPrs:1</r:URN>
  <r:TypeOfObject>TextRepresentationBase</r:TypeOfObject>
</r:CoordinatePairs>
<r:AlternateOffset maxLength="15">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:AltOffset:1</r:URN>
</r:AlternateOffset>
<r:AlternateCoordinateSystem maxLength="25">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:AltCoord:1</r:URN>
</r:AlternateCoordinateSystem>
</r:GeographicRepresentationBase>
```

LocationRepresentationBase

Defines a mark and the region within an object (i.e., image, text, etc.) where the mark should occur. Primarily used as a response domain within a QuestionBlock.

```
LocationRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  LocationRepresentationBaseName      (0..n)
  Label                                (0..n)
  Description                           (0..1)
  Object                                (0..1)
  Action                                (0..n)
    RegionOfAction                      (0..1)
      Texutal                            (0..n)
      Audio                               (0..n)
      Video                               (0..n)
      XML                                 (0..n)
      ImageArea                          (0..n)
      Description                         (0..1)
```

Object specifies the object upon which the action takes place. Action describes the action(s) which take place. Action specifies the region within which the action takes place described in terms of a start, stop, or region definition appropriate to each type as well as a description of the action itself.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:LocationRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:LocDel_1:2</r:URN>
```

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```
<r:LocationRepresentationBaseName><r:String xml:lang="en">Location
on Image_1</r:String></r:LocationRepresentationBaseName>
<r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Location on
Image</r:String></r:Label>
<r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">A location response that
requires the letter "D" to be marked on an
image.</r:Content></r:Description>
<r:Object>Image</r:Object>
<r:Action regExp="[Dd]">
  <r:RegionOfAction>
    <r:ImageArea>
      <r:Shape>Rectangle</r:Shape>
      <r:Coordinates>5,-5 5,-2 2,-2 2,-5</r:Coordinates>
    </r:ImageArea>
  </r:RegionOfAction>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Mark the letter D (upper
or lower case accepted) in the upper left (3x3) section of the 10x10
gridded image.</r:Content></r:Description>
</r:Action>
</r:LocationRepresentationBase>
```

NominalRepresentationBase

Defines a nominal response that is not coded or related to a particular category scheme. Used primarily by QuestionGrid, this defines a response where there is a simple check or other demarcation expressing a binary “yes | no” or “true | false” response.

```
NominalRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  NominalRepresentationBaseName      (0..n)
  Label                               (0..n)
  Description                         (0..1)
  @regExp                             (0..1)
```

A simple description of a nominal response which may be constrained by a regular express to a specified mark.

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:NominalRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency" regExp="[Xx]">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:NomDel_1:2</r:URN>
  <r:NominalRepresentationBaseName><r:String xml:lang="en">Nominal X
only</r:String></r:NominalRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Nominal X only</r:String></r:Label>
  <r:Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">A nominal response that
accepts ONLY an X mark.</r:Content></r:Description>
```

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</r:NominalRepresentationBase>

RankingRepresentationBase

Defines a ranking structure used as a response domain, indicating the ordering options for the response.

RankingRepresentationBase

Extension base:	VersionableType
RankingRepresentationBaseName	(0..n)
Label	(0..n)
Description	(0..1)
RankingRange	(1..1)
RangeUnit	(0..1)
MinimumValue	(0..1)
MaximumValue	(0..1)
@maximumRepetitionOfSingleValue	(default="1")

The RankingRange is an extension of Range adding the attribute maximumRepetitionOfSingleValue. The RankingRange specified the unit used for expressing the rank, provides a minimum and maximum value for the rank, and specifies how many items may have the same rank (default="1"). The Range specifies the unit of the range specification as well as a minimum and maximum value. Note that these values use and extended form of Value which allows for the declaration of significant leading or trailing white space within the value as well an attribute noting if the value is inclusive (i.e., included as a valid value in the range specification).

EXAMPLE:

```
<r:RankingRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
  typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:RankDel_1:1</r:URN>
  <r:RankingRepresentationBaseName><r:String xml:lang="en">Unique Five
Point Ranking</r:String></r:RankingRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:Label><r:String xml:lang="en">Five Point Ranking with no
repetition</r:String></r:Label>
  <r>Description><r:Content xml:lang="en">Allows for the ranking of 5
items in order where no two items can be of the same
rank.</r:Content></r>Description>
  <r:RankingRange maximumRepetitionOfSingleValue="1">
    <r:RangeUnit>Integer</r:RangeUnit>
    <r:MinimumValue>1</r:MinimumValue>
    <r:MaximumValue>5</r:MaximumValue>
  </r:RankingRange>
</r:RankingRepresentationBase>
```

ScaleRepresentationBase

Defines a range of scale based responses varying by display, number of dimensions, and anchors.

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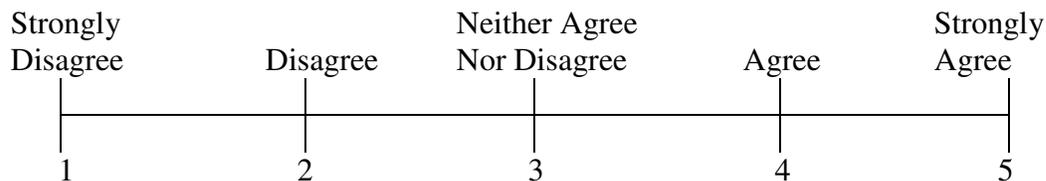
```
<Label><Content xml:lang="en">Simple Scale</Content></Label>
<Description><Content xml:lang="en">Example 1</Content></Description>
<ScaleDimension dimensionNumber="1" degreeSlopeFromHorizontal="0">
  <NumberRange>
    <Low included="true">0</Low>
    <High included="true">10</High>
  </NumberRange>
  <Anchor value="0">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Never:1</URN>
    </CategoryReference>
  </Anchor>
  <Anchor value="10">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Continually:1</URN>
    </CategoryReference>
  </Anchor>
  <ValueIncrement increment="1" startValue="0" endValue="10"/>
</Dimension>
<DisplayLayout>ScaleLine</DisplayLayout>
</Scale>
```

Likert Item

The format of a typical five-level Likert item is:

1. Strongly disagree
2. Disagree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Agree
5. Strongly agree

The above Likert Item is described and displayed as a CodeScheme. However if the display is scalar it could be described by a Scale.



This display has labels at all anchors and each increment is both a Marked Increment AND a Value Increment

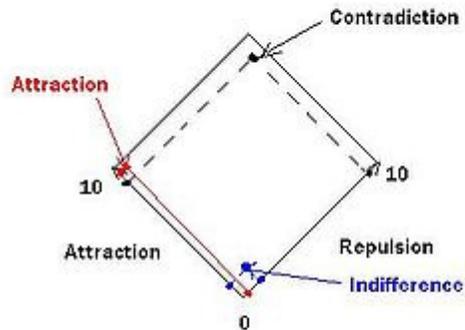
```
<Scale isVersionable="true" typeOfIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
```

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```
<URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:ScaleScheme_1.Scale_2:1</URN>
<ScaleName><String xml:lang="en">Likert Scale</String></ScaleName>
<Label><><Content xml:lang="en">Likert Scale as scale</Content></Label>
<Description><><Content xml:lang="en">Example 2</Content></Description>
<ScaleDimension dimensionNumber="1" degreeSlopeFromHorizontal="0">
  <NumberRange>
    <Low included="true">1</Low>
    <High included="true">5</High>
  </NumberRange>
  <Anchor value="1">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.StronglyDisagree:1</URN>
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.StronglyDisagree:1</URN>
    </Anchor>
  <Anchor value="2">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Disagree:1</URN>
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Disagree:1</URN>
    </Anchor>
  <Anchor value="3">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.NeitherAgreeNorDisagree:1</URN>
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.NeitherAgreeNorDisagree:1</URN>
    </Anchor>
  <Anchor value="4">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Agree:1</URN>
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.Agree:1</URN>
    </Anchor>
  <Anchor value="5">
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.StronglyAgree:1</URN>
    <CategoryReference>
      <URN> urn:ddi:us.mpc:CatScheme_1.StronglyAgree:1</URN>
    </Anchor>
  <MarkedIncrement increment="1" startValue="1" endValue="5"/>
  <ValueIncrement increment="1" startValue="1" endValue="5"/>
</ScaleDimension>
<DisplayLayout>ScaleLine</DisplayLayout>
</Scale>
```

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Diamond of Opposites



This particular display is an outline where the ends of the two intersecting scales form the corner points of the outline.

```
<Scale isVersionable="true" typeIdentifier="Canonical"
scopeOfUniqueness="Maintainable">
  <URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:ScaleScheme_1.Scale_3:1</URN>
  <ScaleName><String xml:lang="en">Diamond</String></ScaleName>
  <Label><Content xml:lang="en">Dimond of Opposites</Content></Label>
  <Description><Content xml:lang="en">Describes an area within which response
is collected against opposing scales. </Content></Description>
  <ScaleType>AnchoredScale</ScaleType>
  <ScaleDimension dimensionNumber="1" degreeSlopeFromHorizontal="45">
    <Label>Repulsion</Label>
    <NumberRange>
      <Low included="true">0</Low>
      <High included="true">10</High>
    </NumberRange>
    <MarkedIncrement increment="10" startValue="0" endValue="10"/>
    <ValueIncrement increment="10" startValue="0" endValue="10"/>
  </ScaleDimension>
  <ScaleDimension dimensionNumber="2" degreeSlopeFromHorizontal="135">
    <Label>Attraction</Label>
    <NumberRange>
      <Low included="true">0</Low>
      <High included="true">10</High>
    </NumberRange>
    <MarkedIncrement increment="10" startValue="0" endValue="10"/>
  </ScaleDimension>
</Scale>
```

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```
<ValueIncrement increment="10" startValue="0" endValue="10"/>

</ScaleDimension>
<DimensionIntersect forAllDimensions="true" IntersectValue="0">
  <IncludeDimension>1</IncludeDimension>
  <IncludeDimension>2</IncludeDimension>
</DimensionIntersect>
<DisplayLayout>Outline</DisplayLayout>
</Scale>
```

MissingValuesRepresentationBase

Defines missing values as a numeric or code RepresentationBase which can be used with any other response domain or value representation. When combining a MissingValueRepresentationBase with valid responses or representations the user must take care not to replicate any valid response or representation. This structure allows for specifying missing values, specific definition of missing values through the use of a CodeRepresentationBase, and the definition of a blank (null) as a missing value.

```
MissingValuesRepresentationBase
  Extension base: VersionableType
  MissingValueRepresentationBaseName (0..n)
  Label (0..n)
  Description (0..1)
  CHOICE (0..n)
    CodeRepresentationBase
    NumericRepresentationBase
    TextRepresentationBase
  ENDCHOICE
  GenerationInstructionReference (0..1)
  @isBlankMissingValue default="true"
```

MissingValueRepresentationBase provides multiple means of describing missing values. They may contain any combination of a CodeRepresentationBase, NumericRepresentationBase, or TextRepresentationBase. In addition, the process of determining the how the missing value is assigned (generation instruction) may be referenced.

EXAMPLE:

A Missing Value RepresentationBase containing a set of coded missing value types, a numeric unlabeled value and information on how to treat a blank (white space).

```
<r:MissingValuesRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-16" isBlankMissing="true">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MVD1:1</r:URN>
  <r:MaintainableObject>
```

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```
<r:TypeOfObject>MissingValuesRepresentationBaseScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:MaintainableID>MVDS_1</r:MaintainableID>
  <r:MaintainableVersion>1</r:MaintainableVersion>
</r:MaintainableObject>
  <r:MissingValuesRepresentationBaseName isPreferred="true"
context="ANES"><r:String xml:lang="en-US">ANES standard missing
values</r:String></r:MissingValuesRepresentationBaseName>
  <r:CodeRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-16">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MVD1:1</r:URN>
</r:MaintainableObject>
```

```
<r:TypeOfObject>MissingValuesRepresentationBaseScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:MaintainableID>MVDS_1</r:MaintainableID>
  <r:MaintainableVersion>1</r:MaintainableVersion>
</r:MaintainableObject>
  <r:CodeListReference isReference="true">
  <URN>urn:ddi:CodeList_X:1</URN>
</r:CodeListReference>
</r:CodeRepresentationBase>
  <r:NumericRepresentationBase isVersionable="true"
typeOfIdentifier="Canonical" scopeOfUniqueness="Agency"
versionDate="2012-10-16">
  <r:URN>urn:ddi:us.mpc:MVD1:1</r:URN>
</r:MaintainableObject>
```

```
<r:TypeOfObject>MissingValuesRepresentationBaseScheme</r:TypeOfObject>
  <r:MaintainableID>MVDS_1</r:MaintainableID>
  <r:MaintainableVersion>1</r:MaintainableVersion>
</r:MaintainableObject>
</r:NumericRepresentationBase>
</r:MissingValueRepresentationBase>
```

4.52 - Variable

Appendix: Change List (DDI 3.1 to 3.2)

Index for all Complex Elements: